

2007 Annual Report



HONOLULU POLICE DEPARTMENT
75 Years of Serving and Protecting With Aloha





Mission

We, the men and women of the Honolulu Police Department, are dedicated to providing excellent service through partnerships that build trust, reduce crime, create a safe environment, and enhance the quality of life in our community.

We are committed to these principles:

INTEGRITY

We have integrity. *We adhere to the highest moral and ethical standards. We are honest and sincere in dealing with each other and the community. We have the courage to uphold these principles and are proud that they guide us in all we do.*

RESPECT

We show respect. *We recognize the value of our unique cultural diversity and treat all people with kindness, tolerance, and dignity. We cherish and protect the rights, liberties, and freedoms of all as granted by the constitutions and laws of the United States and the State of Hawaii.*

FAIRNESS

We act with fairness. *Objective, impartial decisions and policies are the foundation of our interactions. We are consistent in our treatment of all persons. Our actions are tempered with reason and equity.*

... in the spirit of Aloha.



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Mayor's Message



There's probably no job in City government that is more demanding or complex than that of a police officer. Whether directing traffic at the scene of an accident, responding to a domestic violence disturbance, investigating a serious crime, or coming face-to-face with the social ills of our society, the officers of the Honolulu Police Department are called upon each day to make quick, smart decisions under the most stressful of circumstances.

Our officers respond with consummate professionalism, earning the richly deserved sobriquet of "Honolulu's Finest." The men and women in blue ensure that our homes and neighborhoods are safe. They are on the front lines of the battles we wage against crime. They enforce the laws that govern us all and do so with an even hand. Yet, most of their work goes unseen and often unappreciated.

I, for one, am proud that the men and women of the Honolulu Police Department serve as members of the City and County of Honolulu ohana. They represent all the best qualities of public service and inspire us with the courage, integrity, dedication, and personal sacrifices.

The annual report of the Honolulu Police Department provides an account of the excellent work of these public servants and is a testament to the contributions of the officers and employees who make up this exceptional team.


MUFI HANNEMANN, MAYOR
City and County of Honolulu



Police Commission



Boyd S. Andrade, Sr.
Chair



Keith Y. Amemiya
Vice Chair



Paul T. Leong
Commissioner



Caroll Takahashi
Commissioner



Mark D. Hunsaker
Commissioner



Benjamin S. Saguibo
Commissioner



Charlian O. L. Wright
Commissioner



Christine H. H. Camp
Commissioner



Michael J. McCartney
Commissioner

The Honolulu Police Commission is made up of seven members who are appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council. All members serve staggered terms of five years. They volunteer their services and do not receive any compensation.

A chair and vice chair are elected from within its membership every year. The commission chair for 2007 was Boyd S. Andrade, and the vice chair was Keith Y. Amemiya.

The commission has the following mandated responsibilities:

- appoints and may remove the Chief of Police;
- evaluates the performance of the Chief of Police at least annually;
- reviews rules and regulations for the administration of the Honolulu Police Department;
- reviews the annual budget prepared by the Chief of Police and may make recommendations thereon to the Mayor;
- compares at least annually the actual achievements of the police department with the goals and objectives in the five-year plan; and
- receives, considers, and investigates charges brought by the public against the conduct of the department or any of its members and submits a written report of its findings to the Chief of Police.

The commissioners are committed to continue working proactively with the department to address problems regarding police conduct and other issues.



Chief's Message



Aloha,

As the Honolulu Police Department (HPD) commemorates its 75th anniversary, I am pleased to report that crime is at a ten-year low. In 2007, violent crimes decreased by 5 percent and property crimes decreased by 3 percent, with the number of auto thefts accounting for the largest decrease (22 percent). In addition, the HPD is one of only three departments in the entire nation to have earned the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies, Inc.'s, prestigious CALEA TRI-ARC Excellence Award.

Since 1932, the HPD has grown from a small law enforcement agency of 241 officers into a highly trained, nationally accredited police department of over 2,500 employees serving a community of nearly one million residents and visitors. Years ago it became evident that the standard policing practices of the past were no longer sufficient. Leadership at all levels, out-of-the-box thinking, and advanced technology are also needed to fight crime. Today's officers have evolved from reactive responders to proactive problem solvers.

While the HPD has changed in many ways, one factor has remained constant--the professionalism and dedication of our employees. We will always be committed to delivering the highest level of service possible and creating a safe environment for all.

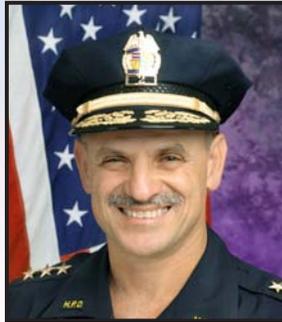
We are proud of the department's 75 years of service to the community and look forward to the future. Mahalo to Mayor Mufi Hannemann and the residents of Oahu for their strong and continued support.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Boisse P. Correa".

BOISSE P. CORREA
Chief of Police



Deputy Chiefs and Assistant Chiefs



PAUL D. PUTZULU
DEPUTY CHIEF



MICHAEL D. TUCKER
DEPUTY CHIEF

ADMINISTRATIVE BUREAU



DELBERT T. TATSUYAMA
ASSISTANT CHIEF

SUPPORT SERVICES BUREAU



JOHN P. KERR
ASSISTANT CHIEF

INVESTIGATIVE BUREAU



KARL A. GODSEY
ASSISTANT CHIEF

SPECIAL FIELD OPERATIONS BUREAU



KEVIN M. LIMA
ASSISTANT CHIEF

CENTRAL PATROL BUREAU



BRYAN S. WAUKE
ASSISTANT CHIEF

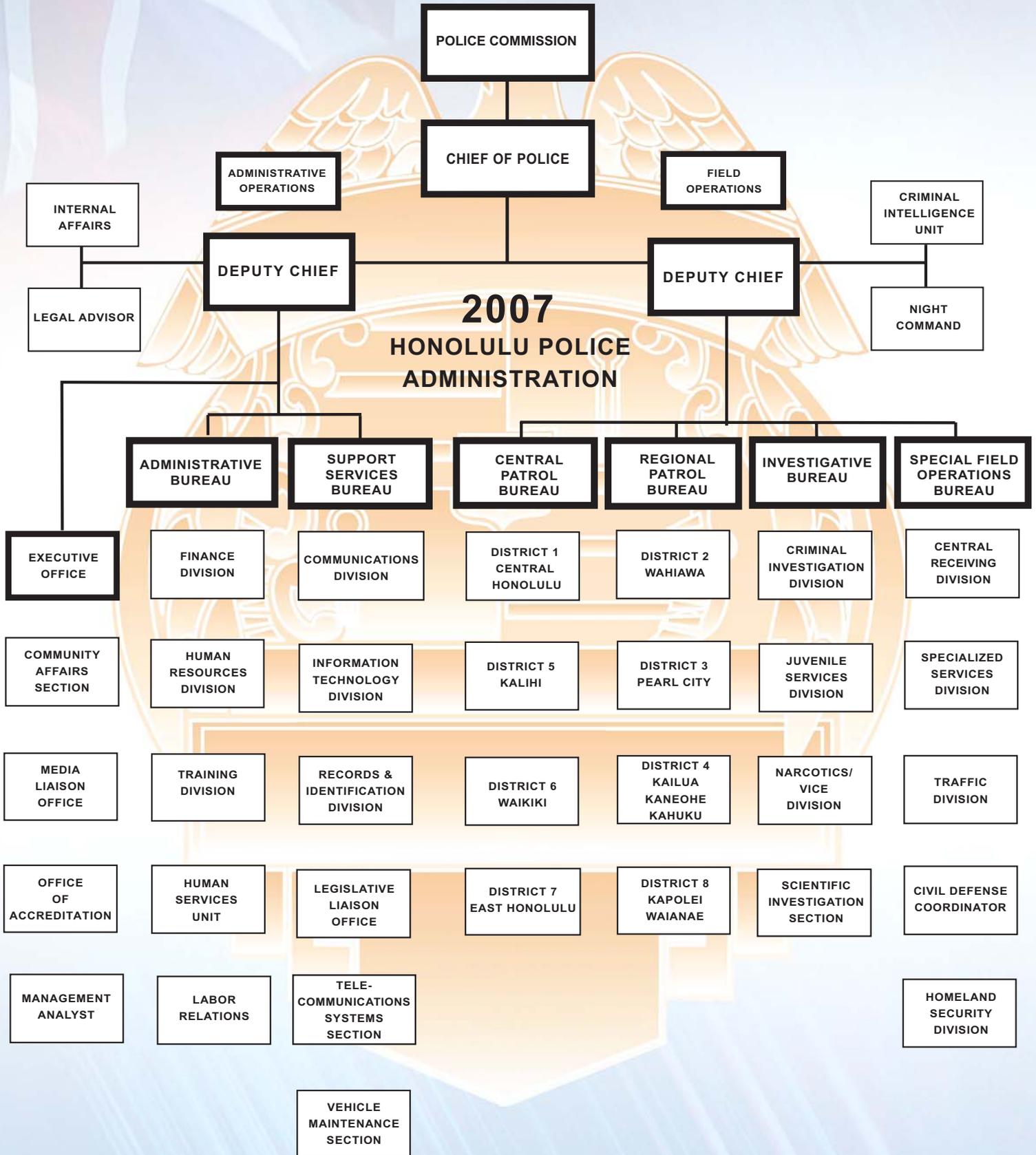
REGIONAL PATROL BUREAU



MICHAEL H. TAMASHIRO
ASSISTANT CHIEF



Organizational Chart





Powers, Duties, and Functions

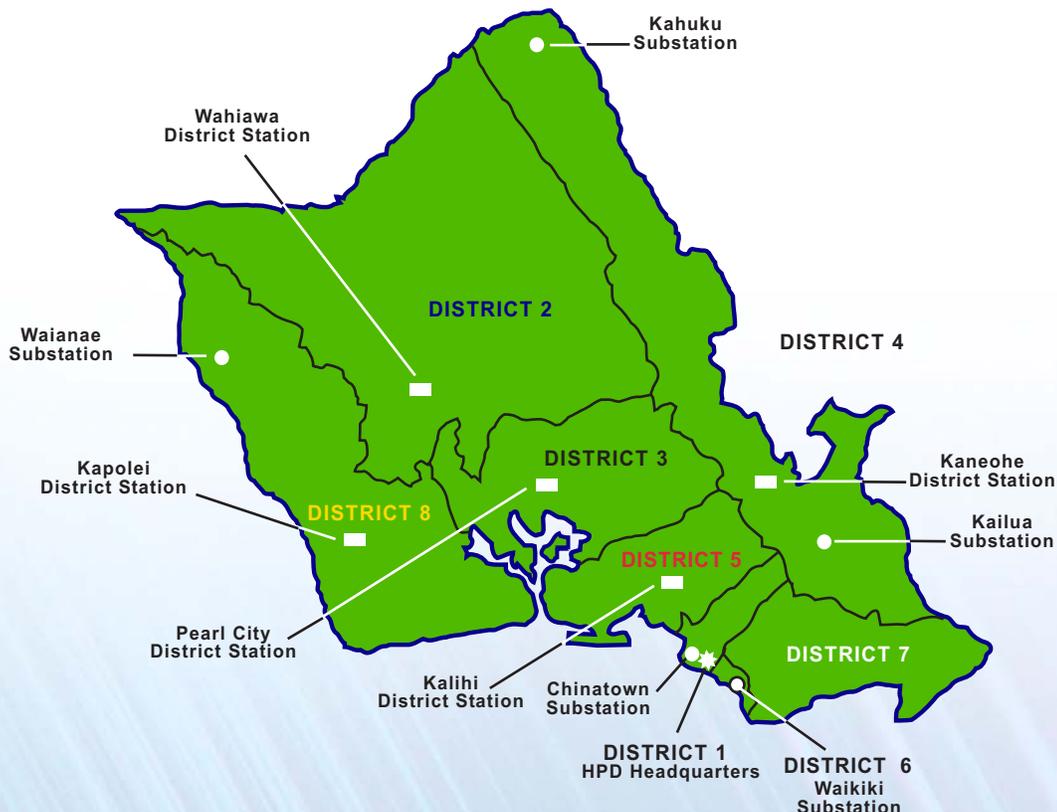


The Honolulu Police Department serves as the primary law enforcement agency for the entire island of Oahu. The Chief of Police directs the operation and administration of the department and is responsible for the following:

- preservation of the public peace;
- protection of the rights of persons and property;
- prevention of crime;
- detection and arrest of offenders against the law;
- enforcement and prevention of violations of state laws and city ordinances; and
- service of processes and notices in civil and criminal proceedings.

The department's jurisdiction is the City and County of Honolulu. It includes the entire island of Oahu, which has a circumference of about 137 miles and an area of some 596 square miles. The estimated resident population is about 905,600, which includes military personnel but not tourists.

For police operations, the island is divided into eight patrol districts. Each district is subdivided into sectors and beats. The department's headquarters is located at 801 South Beretania Street in downtown Honolulu. District stations are found in Kalihi, Pearl City, Kapolei, Wahiawa, and Kaneohe. Other facilities are identified on the map below.





FIELD OPERATIONS BUREAU





Field Operations



DISTRICT 1

District 1 encompasses almost eight square miles in downtown Honolulu. The resident population is approximately 75,000; but as the retail, financial, and political center of the state, the population of the district at any given time may rise to twice that number. The District 1 administrative offices are located at the Alapai headquarters, 801 South Beretania Street, with the Chinatown Substation providing a permanent police presence in downtown Honolulu.

The Weed and Seed program is a restoration program that is designed to reduce or "weed" criminal elements out of the district and initiate or "seed" the area with services and economic revitalization programs. This program also helps to strengthen and empower residents in the area and encourage community spirit. The officers of the Weed and Seed program administer the district's Law Enforcement Explorers Program (LEEP), which teaches high school students discipline and responsibility through community activities. In 2007, LEEP students helped with activities such as the Special Olympics and Keiki Identification Program.

Field units in the district continued to address speeding and pedestrian safety. As a result, 4,831 citations and 6,191 Traffic Safety Awareness Cards were issued. Officers working the night watch continued their aggressive campaign against impaired drivers. Officers effected 549 arrests under the Operating a Vehicle Under the Influence of Intoxicants law.

In response to public reports of illegal activity, in 2007 the Bicycle Detail began overnight patrols of all City and County

parks located within District 1. Due to these efforts, reports of illegal activity have significantly decreased.

In addition to performing their regular surveillance, the Bicycle Detail officers also patrol Ala Moana Beach Park on all-terrain vehicles. These vehicles grant officers access to areas that were once difficult to patrol. The Bicycle Detail also works with the Segway Squad, a pilot program in which officers use Segway Personal Transporters to move quickly through crowded urban environments. Officers are also able to easily approach and communicate with citizens while on Segways.



District 1 officers work with the community to address concerns and enhance quality of life issues. Partnerships with the Fort Street Mall Business Improvement District Association, Neighborhood and Business Security Watches, and Citizen Patrols allow for open communication. The district's Community Policing Team also partnered with the State of Hawaii Department of Education and McKinley High School in an active shooter



A History of Serving and Protecting with Aloha

The institution of ancient law enforcement in Hawaii is commonly called the kapu system.

Hawaiian chiefs acquired the right to proclaim law at birth. The task of bringing criminals to justice was the duty of the 'ilamuku, executive officers of the king.





Field Operations



exercise in which officers and school officials tested their readiness for this type of emergency situation in a realistic scenario.

DISTRICT 2

District 2, with a population of 109,000, covers approximately 204 square miles from Central Oahu to the North Shore. The area includes the communities of Haleiwa, Mililani, Mokuleia, Wahiawa, Waialua, and Whitmore Village, as well as Wheeler Army Air Field and Schofield Barracks. The district's headquarters is located in Wahiawa at 330 North Cane Street.

The district continues to use intelligence-led community policing techniques including the Crime Analysis and Targeting (C.A.T.) program. This program, funded by a federal grant, allows officers as well as community members to access crime statistics via the C.A.T. website. Information on the site includes weekly updates of criminal offenses, as well as maps indicating the locations of the offenses. Officers are able to view emerging crime trends and target their patrols accordingly. Community members are able to use this information to educate themselves on current conditions.

District 2, with 55 miles of coastline, consists of many secluded, off-road areas. The use of all-terrain vehicles (ATV) allows officers access to these locations. The increased police presence provided by the use of ATVs helped to curtail illegal activities.

Officers in the Crime Reduction Unit (CRU) operate in plainclothes and continue to be an integral part of the district's effort to suppress crime. The CRU targets crimes that affect

both tourists and residents, including theft and theft from vehicles.

In an effort to further reduce crime, District 2 officers continued their involvement in the community by working closely with the 191 Neighborhood Security Watches (NSW) consisting of over 5,000 members. Presentations were given to the NSWs; neighborhood boards; and business, school, and community groups.

DISTRICT 3

District 3 covers approximately 66 square miles and serves around 153,500 residents in the communities of Aiea, Halawa, Pearl City, Pearl Harbor, Waikale, Waipahu, and Waipio. The district's headquarters is located in Pearl City at 1100 Waimano Home Road.

The Community Policing Team (CPT) works in partnership with the community and organizations to identify and address local problems. In 2007, the CPT worked in partnership with over 2,000 members of 82 Neighborhood Security Watches, Business Security Watches, and citizen patrol groups. Additionally, the CPT partnered with the schools and community in organizing 10 Community Traffic Awareness Partnership events, 21 traffic and pedestrian safety awareness presentations, 7 Keiki ID events, and 2 Shop With a Cop events.

The district's Burglary-Theft Detail continues to be the driving force behind the grant-funded educational program,

1819

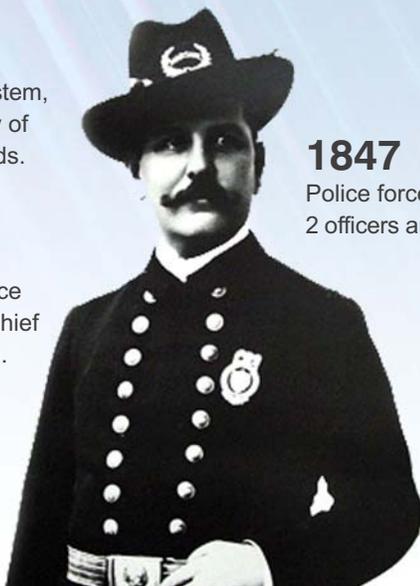
King Kamehameha II abolishes the kapu system, removing the authority of the chiefs as living gods.

1834

King Kamehameha III organizes the first police force consisting of a Chief with a staff of two men.

1846

"Second Act Kamehameha III" establishes Marshals and Sheriffs.



1847

Police force grows to 2 officers and 34 men.

1850s

It is common for victims of crimes and defendants to negotiate. The two parties attempt to reach a settlement so that criminal prosecution can be avoided.



The pressing problems are public drunkenness and reckless riding on horses. The majority of fines range from \$5 to \$100.



Field Operations



"Keep Your Identity." Throughout 2007, detectives conducted 46 presentations to over 1,400 people regarding the prevention of identity theft crime.

Officers of the Crime Reduction Unit (CRU) operate in plainclothes to support the efforts of uniformed officers in the field. During the year, District 3 made 1,007 arrests: 434 felonies, 170 misdemeanors, 74 traffic offenses, 297 warrants, 15 status offenses, and 17 graffiti offenses. They also executed 5 search warrants and recovered 7 firearms and 4 vehicles.

The Prevention, Intervention, Treatment to Stop Thieves Operating Permissively (PIT-STOP) program continues in District 3. An agreement was reached with the city's Department of the Prosecuting Attorney whereby suspects arrested for a stolen vehicle in the district would be immediately charged. In 2007, 43 adults were arrested for operating a stolen vehicle and 27 were immediately charged for the felony offense. Without the PIT-STOP program, only 12 suspects would have been immediately charged. The success of the program has led to its expansion to the Windward and Central Honolulu patrol districts.

In December 2007, District 3 partnered with the Waikele Community Association to implement Taking Action Against Graffiti (T.A.A.G.), an anti-graffiti project. Members of the community will install and monitor motion sensors, which will detect alleged offenders as the crime is being committed. Notification will then be made to the Honolulu Police Department for response. If this project proves to be successful, the district will seek funding to purchase similar equipment in order to partner with other groups to combat graffiti.

DISTRICT 4

District 4 encompasses an area of Windward Oahu covering 127 square miles. The communities, with about 132,000 residents, include Hauula, Kaaawa, Kahaluu, Kahuku, Kailua, Kaneohe, Laie, Lanikai, Punaluu, and Waimanalo. The main station is located at 45-270 Waikalua Road in Kaneohe, and full-service substations are located in Kailua and Kahuku.

Traffic safety and the reduction of traffic injuries and fatalities continued to be a high priority for District 4 officers. Strategically placed speed monitor displays throughout the district, combined with laser gun enforcement, has heightened community awareness and helped to slow down motorists and encourage safer driving practices. Speeding enforcement was also increased, resulting in a 27 percent rise in the number of speeding citations issued.

Improving traffic conditions requires not only an increase in enforcement but a commitment from the community. The Community-Traffic Awareness Program (C-TAP) is doing just that. In 2007, C-TAP organized a sign-waving event to send the message to motorists that neither the police nor the community will tolerate unnecessary traffic injuries. Through efforts like these, traffic collisions decreased by nearly 13 percent in 2007.

Community partnerships continued to be an important part of the district's strategy. By the end of 2007, the district had 105 community groups with over 4,000 members. Partnerships also include neighborhood boards and community associations. With the assistance of the Hawaii Blood Bank, the district



1851

Honolulu Constable Kaaulana is killed in the line of duty. This is the first documented case of a law enforcement death.

1861

Police force grows to 59 officers.

1898

Hawaii becomes a Territory of the United States and operates under a Constitution known as the Organic Act.

1905

Four county governments are established in the Territory, with each having its own police department headed by an elected Sheriff.

1886 King Street Police Station.



Field Operations



held a blood drive at Ben Parker Elementary School in November 2007. Over 70 pints of blood were donated.

Graffiti continued to be a problem for the district throughout 2007. District 4 increased patrols in heavily affected areas, which resulted in 52 Criminal Property Damage arrests in 2007. The Community Policing Team also took a strong stance to control graffiti by recruiting the community to participate in Graffiti Paint-Outs. Volunteers, along with District 4 officers, helped paint out the graffiti in the district, all with the goal of bringing pride back to the community.



DISTRICT 5

District 5, the "Kalihi District," encompasses 36 square miles in the central Honolulu area and has a resident population of approximately 136,200. The area is a diverse and dynamic community that includes residential housing, industrial businesses, Honolulu Harbor, Honolulu International Airport, Hickam Air Force Base, Oahu Community Correctional Center,

and the Federal Detention Center. The headquarters are located at 1865 Kamehameha IV Road in Honolulu.

With 6 major thoroughfares intersecting in the district, nearly 400,000 vehicles pass through every weekday. As a major corridor for Oahu commuters, traffic enforcement and management continues to be a high priority for District 5. In 2007, patrol officers issued 16,177 citations, which included 3,285 for speeding and 901 for pedestrian violations.



The Crime Reduction Unit (CRU) is charged with the investigation of street crimes that affect quality-of-life issues. In 2007, the unit made 522 arrests, conducted 35 search warrants, and confiscated \$14,614 in cash and \$161,000 worth of property. The CRU, with patrol officers, seized 2 tons of illegal aerial fireworks valued at over \$100,000.

In an effort to deter the growing problem of copper theft, the district initiated "Operation Full Copper Jacket." The operation focused primarily on violations of the recycling laws. By ensuring that recycling laws were followed, the stolen copper

1923

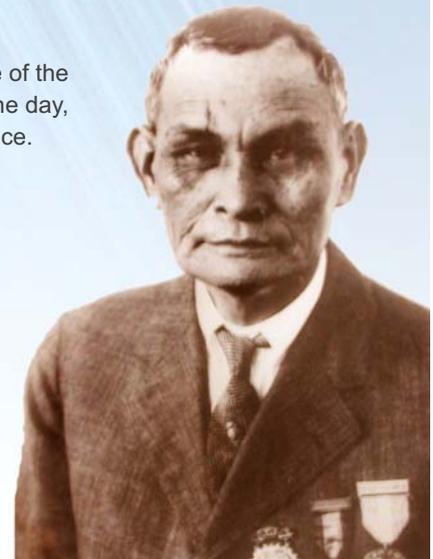
Sheriff Charles Rose made the Junior Traffic Police Officer program, later known as the Junior Police Officer program, a part of law enforcement in Honolulu.



1932

Detective Chang Apana, one of the most colorful characters of the day, retires after 34 years of service.

The novelist Earl Derr Biggers created the famous fictional detective character, "Charlie Chan," based on Apana's remarkable achievements.





Field Operations



could not be sold, thus discouraging future thefts. The four-month operation culminated with the arrest of two individuals for violating recycling laws. This highly publicized operation was the first of its kind and had a tremendous impact on keeping the copper recyclers in compliance with the laws. Reported copper thefts significantly decreased during the later half of 2007.

In 2007, the Misdemeanor Follow-Up Detail was assigned nearly 1,900 cases. In addition, 292 domestic violence cases were also investigated, resulting in 126 arrests.

The Weed and Seed Detail continued its involvement in positive activities, such as community cleanups, Graffiti Paint-Outs, Food Bank collections and distributions, "Late Nite" basketball games, Scrabble tournaments, Neighborhood Security Watches, as well as truancy and juvenile enforcement operations.

DISTRICT 6

District 6 encompasses the Waikiki peninsula. The resident population is approximately 22,600; but as the primary tourist destination on Oahu, an average day in Waikiki may host 70,000 visitors and 37,500 employees. The administrative offices are located at the Alapai headquarters, with a substation fronting Waikiki Beach. The Burglary-Theft Detail and the Crime Reduction Unit offices are located at 22nd Avenue and Diamond Head Road.

In 2007, over 100 special events were held in Waikiki, attracting both vacationers and residents alike. The events included parades (Aloha Week and Martin Luther King Day), Sunset on



the Beach, and cultural events (Okinawan and Thai festivals). During these events, public safety and traffic management were the responsibilities of the officers in District 6.

During the summer of 2007, a Beach Task Force was implemented to prevent beach thefts. The success of this task force has led to the implementation of the all-season Beach Detail. Due to these efforts, reported beach thefts have significantly decreased and related arrests have increased.

The Crime Reduction Unit (CRU) concentrates on drugs, prostitution, violent crimes, and other quality-of-life issues. During 2007, the CRU made 185 felony arrests, 165 misdemeanor arrests, and 220 warrant arrests.

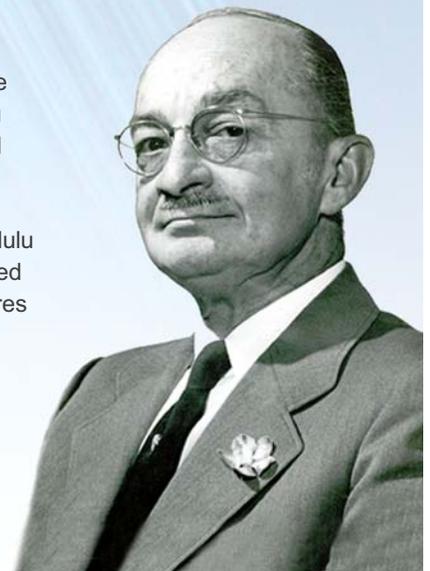
District 6 continued to explore and expand the capabilities of technology by creating a community web page, <http://www.honolulu.org/patrol/d6/>. This web page offers the community the opportunity to learn more about the



1932

On January 22, Act 1 is passed by the Legislature, establishing the Honolulu Police Commission with an appointed Chief of Police.

Charles F. Weeber, a prominent Honolulu businessman, is immediately appointed to be the first Chief of Police. He retires in August 1932.



Bethel Street Police Station, 1932.



Field Operations



Honolulu Police Department and the current projects in the district.

Community partnerships continued to provide the framework for addressing local concerns and crime problems. The Waikiki Business Improvement District Association (WBIDA) donated \$150,000 for enhanced police patrols of public sidewalks. For the last two months of 2007, officers under the WBIDA program made 10 prostitution, 8 peddling, 16 warrant, and 2 drug arrests and issued citations for 9 liquor law violations and 80 other offenses.

DISTRICT 7

District 7 covers approximately 40 square miles in East Honolulu, with a residential population of nearly 151,000. The area includes the communities of Aina Haina, Diamond Head, Hawaii Kai, Kahala, Kaimuki, Kuliouou, Manoa, McCully, Palolo, and Waialae. The district also includes Kalama Valley, Sandy Beach, and Makapuu lookout. District 7 is predominately residential with several institutions of higher learning, including the University of Hawaii at Manoa, Chaminade University, and Kapiolani Community College.

In April 2007, contractors completed construction on a satellite station in the Diamond Head area. The new station houses the Burglary-Theft Detail and Crime Reduction Unit (CRU).

District 7's Burglary-Theft Detail is responsible for the investigation of all Unauthorized Entry into Motor Vehicle, burglary, theft, and fraud cases. In 2007, the detail's detectives

were assigned 4,375 cases. Of these cases, 488 were actively investigated due to leads and 358 were closed. In June, District 7's Burglary-Theft Detail and CRU collaborated with the CRUs from Districts 1 and 6 to investigate a pawn shop that was allegedly buying stolen property. The operation resulted in several theft arrests, the closing of the pawn shop, recovery of stolen property, and a federal money laundering case.

District 7 officers cited over 5,000 drivers for speeding and arrested more than 400 drunk drivers. Due to the increased police presence, fatalities on the road were reduced from 10 in 2006 to 5 in 2007.



District 7 partnered with the community many times during the year. The Community Policing Team (CPT) participated in Graffiti Paint-Outs where over 200 buildings, walls, and



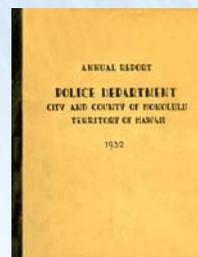
1932

William A. Gabrielson is appointed Chief in August and serves until 1946. Chief Gabrielson was originally brought to Honolulu from Berkeley, California, to serve as an instructor.



1934 Police Car.

ANNUAL REPORT 1932



The personnel of the Honolulu Police Department have high standards of morale, loyalty and service. They are doing their utmost to provide the police protection and service to which the public is entitled.

William A. Gabrielson
Chief of Police

Top 3 Offenses:
Larceny Theft
Burglary
Auto Theft

Population: 207,838
Vehicles: 92 cars
7 motorcycles



Field Operations



fences were painted. The CPT also participated with Kaimuki High School in a film involving a mock car crash. The purpose of the film was to show the consequences of drinking and driving and was distributed to area high schools. Shop With a Cop, held in December 2007, partnered officers with underprivileged and deserving students for a day of food, fun, and activities at Kahala Mall.

District 7 continues to use all-terrain vehicles to patrol the beaches and scenic lookouts along the district's coastline in an effort to reduce illegal activity. These areas are heavily used for recreation and are oftentimes not readily accessible to standard police vehicles.

DISTRICT 8

District 8 encompasses 128 square miles and has a resident population of 126,300. The area includes the communities of Campell Industrial Park, Ewa, Ewa Beach, Honokai Hale, Kaena Point, Kalaeloa (formerly Barber's Point), Ko`Olina, Kapolei, Lualualei, Ma`ili, Makaha, Makakilo, Nanakuli, and Waianae. The main station is located in Kapolei at 1100 Kamokila Boulevard, and there is also a substation in Waianae.

In 2007, Ewa Weed and Seed was awarded the Kapolei Outstanding Achievement for Community Service for successfully uniting businesses, residents, social service agencies, and nonprofit organizations to reclaim and rebuild the neighborhood. The detail is involved in a variety of projects including community-policing efforts like "Movies on the Wall," ocean sports days, and other programs that offer positive alternatives for the youth and their families and improve the quality of life for many residents.

The Community Policing Team worked with various Neighborhood Security Watches (NSW) and Citizen Patrols to enhance safety within communities. In 2007, there were 120 active NSWs, Citizen Patrols, and Mobile Patrols with over 5,500 members. The district officers also continue to meet with neighborhood boards throughout the community.

Traffic safety continues to be a major concern in District 8. The officers increased enforcement in areas that have a high incidence of speeding and other hazardous driving violations. Pedestrian safety is also a concern and officers participated in traffic safety campaigns to educate the public about jaywalking and right of way considerations.

The year 2007 marked the 23rd year of the district's "Live and Let Live" campaign. During the holiday season, community members and officers from the district held sign-waving events to encourage motorists to drive safely and responsibly. Displays of wrecked vehicles were placed throughout the community as a reminder of the dangers of unsafe driving. "Operation Safe Graduation" was held in June to promote safe driving during the graduation season.

The district's Burglary-Theft Detail and Crime Reduction Unit (CRU) addressed burglaries and Unauthorized Entry into Motor Vehicle (UEMV) crimes in the district. Surveillance, use of a bait car, and concentrated traffic enforcement in high crime areas resulted in arrests for UEMV and Unauthorized Control of a Propelled Vehicle.



1934

The eagle badge is retired in favor of the Berkeley seven-point star badge.

1941

Pearl Harbor is attacked on December 7.

All criminal trials are conducted by military judges in Provost Court, and police officers find themselves enforcing a completely new code known as the Order of the Military Governor.





SPECIAL FIELD OPERATIONS BUREAU





Special Field Operations Bureau



CENTRAL RECEIVING DIVISION

The Central Receiving Division (CRD) is responsible for the processing and detention of arrestees who are unable to post bail or are under investigation for felony offenses. The CRD also ensures that the Alapai headquarters is safe and secure by monitoring access to both the building and the parking structure. The division also monitors and responds to all fire and personnel duress alarms in the building.

During 2007, the CRD processed 18,395 arrestees, transported approximately 10,000 arrestees to court, and provided nearly 33,000 meals. In addition, CRD personnel assigned to the security post at the front of the Alapai headquarters made 979 arrests and initiated well over 3,000 police reports.

The CRD is also responsible for the maintenance of the department's 23 Intoxilyzer breath analyzers and the certification of over 600 police officers to operate the instruments. In 2007, CRD personnel administered the breath test to 3,341 arrestees.

In 2007, the CRD began using a digital fingerprinting system called Intergrated Livescan System. Use of Livescan has significantly reduced the arrestee identification process from days to minutes.

In December of 2007, the CRD began collecting Buccal swab samples from arrestees who had been convicted of felony sex offenses. The Buccal swab samples are used for DNA extraction and testing.

SPECIALIZED SERVICES DIVISION

The primary responsibility of the Specialized Services Division (SSD) is to provide special weapons and tactical support to the department in high-risk situations. The SSD also serves firearms-related protective orders, assists the patrol districts by saturating high crime areas, and monitors Oahu parks for illegal activity. In addition, the SSD provides assistance to state and federal law enforcement agencies. The division is comprised of specially trained officers in the Task Group, Bomb/Chem-Bio Unit, Helicopter Section, and Canine Unit.

In 2007, the SSD responded to 6 call-outs involving high-risk incidents and performed 47 search warrant entries for the Narcotics/Vice and Criminal Investigation Divisions and patrol Crime Reduction Units. Over 153 protective orders were served, with 163 firearms recovered. The division officers also effected 41 felony and 142 misdemeanor arrests.



1941-1945 The War Years



Police car with blackout lights.



Special Field Operations Bureau



The Bomb/Chem-Bio Unit, trained and certified by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, is responsible for addressing all explosive or suspected explosive devices from identification to disposal. In 2007, the Bomb/Chem-Bio unit responded to 40 calls and was able to resolve each incident without injury to person or damage to property.



The new SSD bomb truck was put into service in 2007. The SSD also acquired equipment to enhance their ability to perform life-saving missions.

The Helicopter Section, based at the Honolulu International Airport, provides helicopter support to the department by extending visual capabilities through aerial patrol. While logging nearly 1,000 hours of flight time, the section responded to over 700 requests for assistance from the department. The section assisted with 57 arrests and recovered 23 stolen vehicles and 2,377 marijuana plants valued at over \$2 million.

The Canine Unit, comprised of dog and handler teams, are specially trained to find illegal narcotics, explosives, evidence,

and people. In 2007, the unit responded to 114 calls for assistance and gave over 50 public demonstrations.

TRAFFIC DIVISION

The Traffic Division investigates certain motor vehicle collisions and promotes the safe and efficient movement of traffic on public roadways through educational programs, traffic management, and the enforcement of traffic laws. The division also manages community programs and grants and gives presentations on traffic safety and laws to the community.

The Vehicular Homicide Section (VHS) investigates motor vehicle collisions involving death, critical injury, or felony traffic crimes. The officers in this section also review the investigations of major traffic collision cases to ensure their proper disposition and closure. In 2007, the VHS investigated 62 collisions that resulted in 67 fatalities. Beginning in August 2007, the VHS was able to reduce on-scene investigations and road closure times by coordinating efforts and utilizing additional staff. Equipment acquired for the VHS in 2007 included an additional Sokkia Mapping Station, two Vericom units, and FX3 software. This equipment will aid the section with traffic accident investigations and help reduce the amount of time roads are closed.

The Selective Enforcement Unit, with its Drug Recognition Expert Detail, looks for impaired drivers at locations and times known to be particularly dangerous. These areas are shown by trends in fatal and critical motor vehicle collisions where drugs or alcohol were found to be contributing factors. In 2007, these units made over 900 arrests for Operating a Vehicle Under the Influence of an Intoxicant (OVUII).



1946

William Hoopai, Assistant Chief of Police under Weeber and Gabrielson, is appointed Chief. He creates an elite unit to combat gang violence called the Metro Squad. This 12-man team eventually expands and becomes the Tactical Operations Division, which today is known as the Specialized Services Division. Chief Hoopai retires in 1948.

Lie Detector.





Special Field Operations Bureau



The Solo Motorcycle Detail promotes efficient traffic flow, especially during peak morning and afternoon periods when Honolulu's roadways are filled to capacity. In addition to enforcing traffic laws, the motorcycle officers also perform escort duty for parades and visiting dignitaries and provide traffic control at special events.



volunteers to assist the HPD in enforcing certain parking laws and city ordinances.

The Traffic Division was also the guiding force behind the local "Click It Or Ticket" campaign. This campaign revealed that seatbelt usage on Oahu was 98 percent, higher than the statewide average of 97.6 percent.

HOMELAND SECURITY DIVISION

The Homeland Security Division (HSD) was formally established by the City and County of Honolulu in 2007. This division provides support during major events and facilitates interagency communications during such major events. It also coordinates site and threat assessments and manages resources to prevent and respond to acts of terrorism. In addition, the division organizes and participates in joint training with federal, state, and other local agencies.

The division also received a 65-foot tractor-trailer response vehicle as well as two mini-command trucks.

The Parking Enforcement and Collection Section (PECS) enforces parking laws and is responsible for the collection of coins from all city parking meters as well as the proper operation and maintenance of these units. The section issued a total of 57,739 parking and related citations in 2007. The PECS collected nearly \$5.1 million from parking meters in 2007.

The Volunteer Service Enforcement Officer Program was approved by the City Council in 2006 and was staffed in 2007. The purpose of this program is to enlist the aid of civic-minded



1948

Daniel S. C. Liu, who began his career in the department as a clerk, is appointed to the Chief of Police position and retires in 1969. Liu initiates strong enforcement programs against vice criminals and lobbies for better working conditions for officers. He also establishes crime prevention programs.



Over 300,000 youngsters have benefited from the Police Activities League.



INVESTIGATIVE BUREAU





Investigative Bureau



CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DIVISION

The Criminal Investigation Division (CID) consists of nine details which investigate cases involving murder, robbery, assault, sexual assault, domestic violence, child abuse, financial fraud and forgery, auto theft, and white collar crimes. In the course of these investigations, division personnel partner with other law enforcement agencies and the community to assist the victims and their families.

In 2007, the Homicide Detail investigated 20 homicides and closed 18 cases with arrests or conferrals with the city's Department of the Prosecuting Attorney. Closing rates continue to improve for the detail: 80 percent in 2005, 83 percent in 2006, and 90 percent in 2007.

The Robbery Detail continues to participate in the Honolulu Violent Incident Crime Task Force. The task force is a joint effort with the United States Attorney's Office, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives. The cross-deputized status of officers in this task force allows for cases to be federally prosecuted. In 2007, 18 cases were presented for federal prosecution.

The Sex Crimes Detail continued working with the State Attorney General's Hawaii Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force (HICAC). The HPD Internet Crimes Against Children Unit arrested eight individuals for Electronic Enticement of a Child in the First Degree. The Sex Offender Registration Program was initiated to identify and arrest sex offenders who are not in compliance with the sex offender registration requirements. In 2007, more than 400 cases were

initiated for noncompliance with registration requirements. The detail also monitors and administers the DNA Buccal swabbing program for forensic identification of various convicted felons.

In 2007, the Auto Theft Detail acquired an upgraded License Plate Recognition System. This system is in the field evaluation stage.

The Missing Persons Unit investigated 892 cases in 2007, closing 95 percent of the cases. Individuals afflicted with Alzheimer's disease, dementia, and other mental disorders accounted for 530 of the unit's cases.

The Financial Fraud Detail continues to work with other government law enforcement agencies as well as the private sector to address various financial crimes, especially crimes involving identity theft. The detail also conducts presentations in an effort to educate the community about preventing fraud and identity theft.

The Family Violence Detail investigates all domestic violence related cases. The Department of Justice recently awarded the detail a Violence Against Women Formula Grant of \$75,976. The grant funds are being utilized to attend training seminars and to purchase digital cameras to assist with investigations.

JUVENILE SERVICES DIVISION

The Juvenile Services Division (JSD) addresses issues involving the development of the community's youths through a variety of prevention, education, and intervention efforts.

1952

The style of the current badge is introduced.



1954

"Service, Honor, Integrity" becomes the HPD motto.

1957

The Canine Detail program begins and in 1961 becomes a full-fledged part of the HPD. Today canine units help detect explosives and narcotics, track people, and locate evidence.





Investigative Bureau



In addition, the division conducts follow-up investigations of reported runaways. As an extension of the various programs in the JSD, divisional personnel frequently provide guidance and leadership presentations at schools, community organizations, and special events.

The Drug Abuse Resistance Education (DARE) curriculum is a nationally certified program that helps students recognize and resist the temptation to experiment with drugs and alcohol. This ten-week program is taught in 156 public and private schools, reaching 16,000 students, primarily in the fifth grade. In 2007, the JSD organized DARE Day, where more than 10,000 students took an oath to be drug free. As the single largest DARE event in the United States, the event was recognized by DARE America for its impact on school youths.

The Gang Resistance Education and Training (GREAT) Detail presented a ten-week curriculum to seventh-grade students at 23 middle schools, reaching 6,300 students. The program is designed to educate middle school students about the law and delinquent behavior and to provide alternatives to gang membership. The GREAT Detail also administers the School Attendance Program (SAP), a day-long intervention program. In 2007, 549 juveniles, accompanied by their parents, attended the Saturday morning SAP classes.

In July, the GREAT and DARE Details conducted a leadership camp for 45 middle school students that successfully completed both programs. This three-day camp included activities to develop leadership skills and promote self confidence. The participants were referred by their teachers, and final selections were made by the DARE and GREAT officers.

The Police Activities League (PAL) program promotes the concepts of sportsmanship, teamwork, leadership, and community service. The program also fosters social, decision-making, and problem-solving skills. Over the years, the PAL program has worked to expand beyond traditional, organized athletic programs to include activities such as cooking and canoe paddling. These nontraditional activities provide more opportunities for all youths to participate in the program.

During 2007, over 12,000 youths participated in 12 different PAL activities, the most popular being basketball, volleyball, and baseball. In August, the PAL also implemented a referee mentoring program. The participants are recruited from various high schools around the island and, under the guidance of a mentor, learn to referee basketball games.

The department's Law Enforcement Explorers Program (LEEP), a division of the Boy Scouts of America, is also coordinated by the JSD. During 2007, 60 Explorers were



1959

Hawaii becomes the 50th state on August 21.

1960

The authorized strength of the department is 582 police officers and 129 civilians.



1961

HPD moves to the Pawaa station.



Investigative Bureau



trained in basic police procedures, which included traffic and crowd control. These Explorers volunteered at 132 community service events, such as the Keiki Identification Program and Special Olympics.

The Runaway Detail is responsible for investigating reported runaway cases. In 2007, 2,806 cases were assigned to the detail for further investigation. The detail is also responsible for the administration of the Acquiring Knowledge, Awareness, Motivation, and Inspiration (AKAMAI) program, a diversionary program geared toward first-time status offenders. This program counsels juveniles and their parents about the hidden dangers of status offenses and the lifelong implications of making inappropriate choices. The AKAMAI program is administered by the JSD and is a partnership that includes the department, Parent Project, Hawaii Army National Guard Youth Challenge, Youth Outreach, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, Victory Ohana, and Hale Kipa. During 2007, 995 families were referred to the AKAMAI program.

Tobacco and alcohol programs continued to be made possible through grant funding from the State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Division. The tobacco enforcement programs conducted by the division resulted in the inspection of 838 establishments and the issuance of 82 citations. The alcohol enforcement program resulted in the inspection of 239 businesses and the issuance of 33 citations. Additionally, five Alcohol Enforcement Operations in various parks on Oahu were made possible through this grant funding. These operations resulted in 8 arrests and 24 citations.

NARCOTICS/VICE DIVISION

The Narcotics/Vice Division is responsible for the enforcement of laws, ordinances, and regulations relating to gambling, prostitution, pornography, and narcotics offenses. These offenses are investigated by the division's units at all levels: from street dealing to high-level crimes. Partnerships are also formed with various federal, state, and county law enforcement agencies and a number of officers are cross-deputized to hold federal authority and powers.

In 2007, the Honolulu Police Department (HPD) continued to participate in the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) program. The HIDTA task forces are comprised of federal and county law enforcement agencies focused on the interdiction of narcotics at Hawaii's points of entry and the disruption or dismantling of major drug trafficking organizations. One task force initiated 65 federal investigations and effected 45 arrests for federal prosecution. These investigations resulted in the seizure of illegal drugs with a street value in excess of \$1.4 million and nearly \$800,000 in cash and other assets.

The division's Hawaii Interagency Mobile Police Apprehension Crime Task Force (HI-IMPACT) Detail primarily conducts long-term undercover investigations. These investigations target high-level drug trafficking organizations and individuals with local and mainland affiliations. In 2007, the efforts of the task force resulted in 52 drug-related arrests and the seizure of nearly 11 pounds of methamphetamine with a street value of over \$1 million. The HI-IMPACT Detail also seized



1966

Sergeant Edwin "Buddy" Adolphson retires with nearly 27 years of service. He is credited with saving the lives of more than 100 people.

Sergeant Adolphson used this car while patrolling beaches.



Fingerprint comparison



Investigative Bureau



approximately 1 pound of powdered cocaine, over 725 Ecstasy tablets, more than 2 pounds of marijuana, and 12 dangerous weapons.

The Parcel Interdiction Team is responsible for interdicting parcels that contain either illegal drugs or drug profits from entering or leaving Oahu. Since its inception in April 2007, 74 parcels were intercepted that contained illegal drugs with a cash value of over \$4.5 million.

The Gambling Detail, continuing the strategy of 2006, worked to suppress the number of cockfights that occur throughout Oahu by targeting promoters. The detail received 72 complaints in 2007, and closed 54. Numerous investigations of cockfighting, bookmaking, and arcade gambling machines resulted in the seizure of nearly \$10,000 in cash and more than \$21,700 in property. By the end of the year, the detail made 21 arrests for gambling-related activities and seized 31 gambling machines.

In 2007, The Morals Detail continued to address the use of Internet technology as a means of furthering prostitution activity. Joining forces with the Immigration Custom Enforcement (ICE), the detail made attempts to dismantle prostitution operations by targeting prostitution organizations and the individuals who utilize foreign nations to further their criminal enterprise. Through 2007, 418 individuals were arrested for prostitution offenses.

SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION SECTION

The Scientific Investigation Section (SIS) provides investigative support through the application of forensic science. The section

also provides training to officers on various aspects of forensic science such as fingerprint techniques and crime scene investigations. The SIS also participated in numerous speaking requests from public and private organizations.

The renovation and expansion work of the SIS laboratory began in November 2007 with an expected completion date of September 2008. This work will increase the laboratory work areas of the DNA Unit, Drug Unit, Firearms Unit, Trace Evidence Unit, Questioned Documents Unit, and the Crime Scene Units.

The SIS continues to contribute to the Combined DNA Index System (CODIS), which consists of DNA types from convicted offenders. Due to changes in the law, the processing of Buccal swabbing for forensic identification of various convicted felons increased twofold in 2007. The section anticipates these numbers to greatly increase in 2008.

The section was awarded \$114,297 to purchase a high throughput genetic analyzer through the 2007 DNA Backlog Reduction Grant. The section also purchased a comparison microscope using funds from the Bureau of Justice Assistance FY05 Grant.

In 2007, SIS personnel attended training courses and conferences, such as the Combined DNA Index System State Managers Conference and the Association of Firearms and Tool Mark Examiners Conference.

1968

The Stephenson Breathalyzer is acquired to determine the blood alcohol level of drivers.



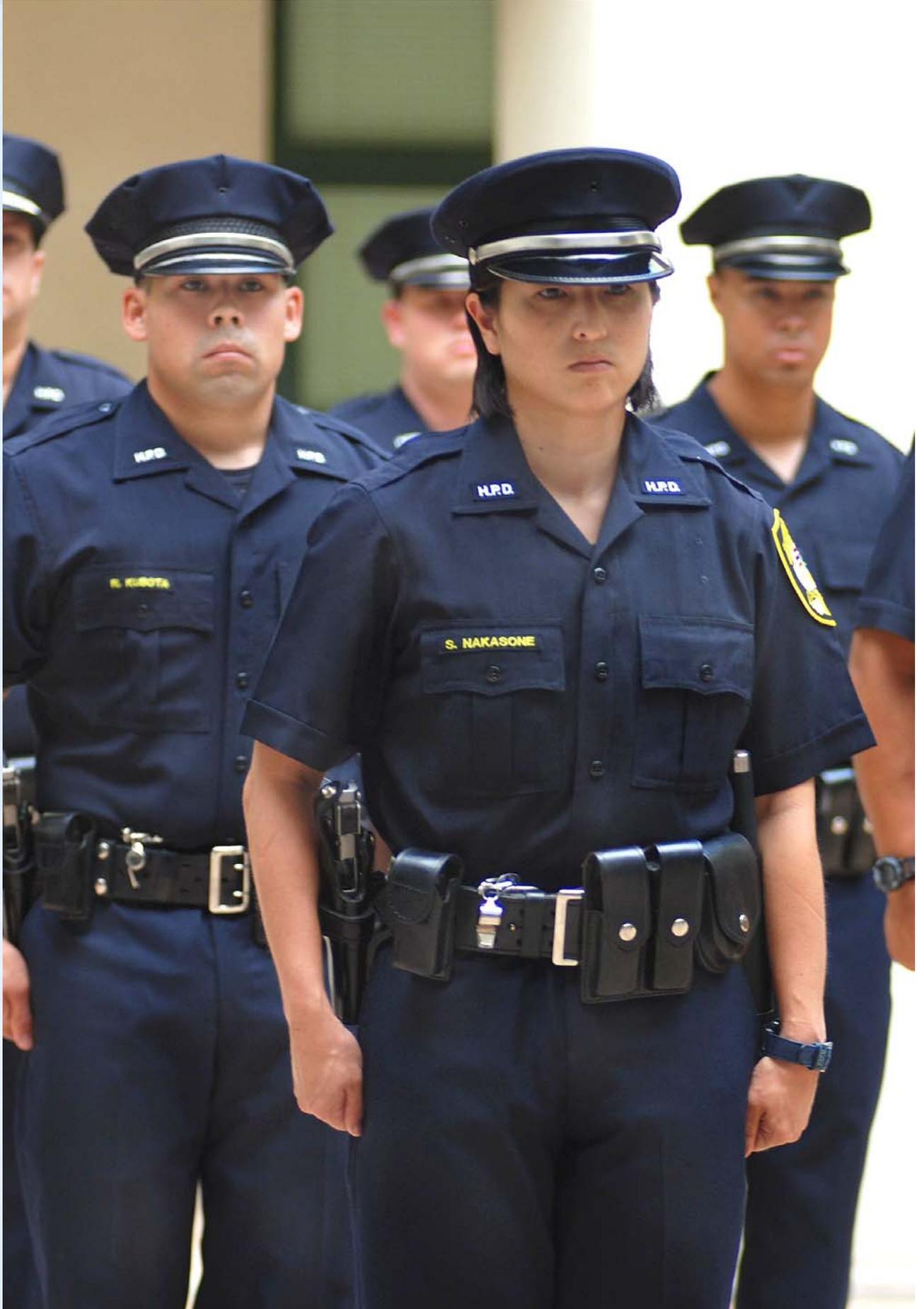
1969

Radio dispatcher positions become civilianized, allowing more officers to perform patrol duties. This leads to the civilianization of many more jobs in the department.





ADMINISTRATIVE BUREAU





Administrative Bureau



FINANCE DIVISION

The Finance Division oversees the Honolulu Police Department's annual operating budget, which amounted to \$187.9 million for fiscal year 2007. The budget covers all salaries, current expenses, and equipment purchases. Additionally, the division oversees the operations of the Property and Supply Section and the Publications Section.

The division also coordinates, manages, and monitors over 60 grants with a total value of \$21.7 million. These federal, state, and private grants help to reduce crime and enhance public safety by funding programs such as antidrug trafficking, homeland security, juvenile education, traffic safety and enforcement, and forensic laboratory expansion. The division continually seeks grant funds from federal, state, private, and public foundations in order to enhance current and future innovative programs for the Honolulu Police Department.

HUMAN RESOURCES DIVISION

The Human Resources Division (HRD) is responsible for administering all personnel matters, including recruitment and hiring, fitness-for-duty and performance evaluations, labor relations and union issues, special duty jobs for off-duty police services, investigations of sexual harassment and discrimination complaints, preemployment psychological services, and the Drug Urinalysis Screening program.

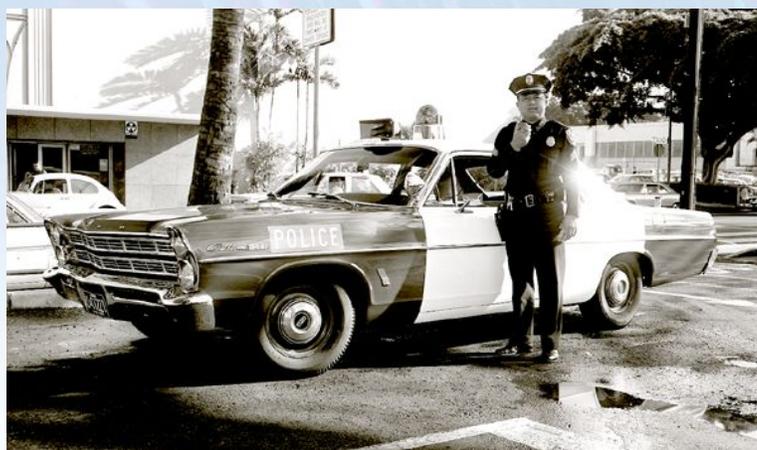
Filling vacant police officer positions continues to be a high priority for the HRD. Six entry-level examinations were given locally, with an additional two exams given on the mainland.

As of December 2007, the authorized strength of the department was 3,071 (2,134 officers, 360 unfunded recruit positions, and 577 civilian employees). The actual strength was 2,518 (1,930 officers, 92 recruits, and 496 civilian employees).

TRAINING DIVISION

The Honolulu Police Department's Training Academy, Ke Kula Maka'i, is located at 93-093 Waipahu Depot Street in Waipahu. The Training Division focuses on four main areas: recruit, annual recall, executive, and specialized training.

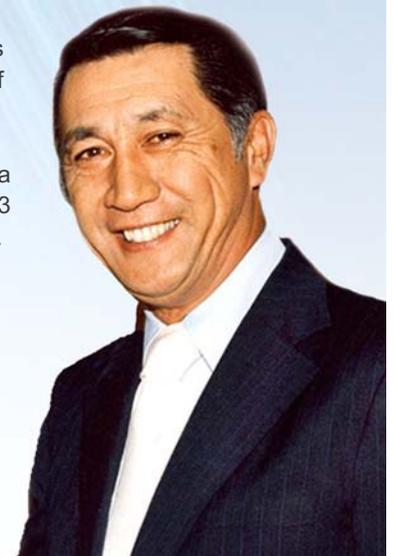
In 2007, a total of 108 recruits graduated from 3 recruit classes. With over 1,000 hours of instruction during a 28-week period, the recruits are taught police organization and procedures, law, communication, and functional skills. These recruit classes participated in several community service activities throughout the year, including the Great Aloha Run.



Patrol officer and car.

1969

Francis A. Keala, at 39, is promoted from Captain of the Finance Division to Chief. As the youngest chief in HPD history, Keala leads the department for 13 years and retires in 1983.





Administrative Bureau

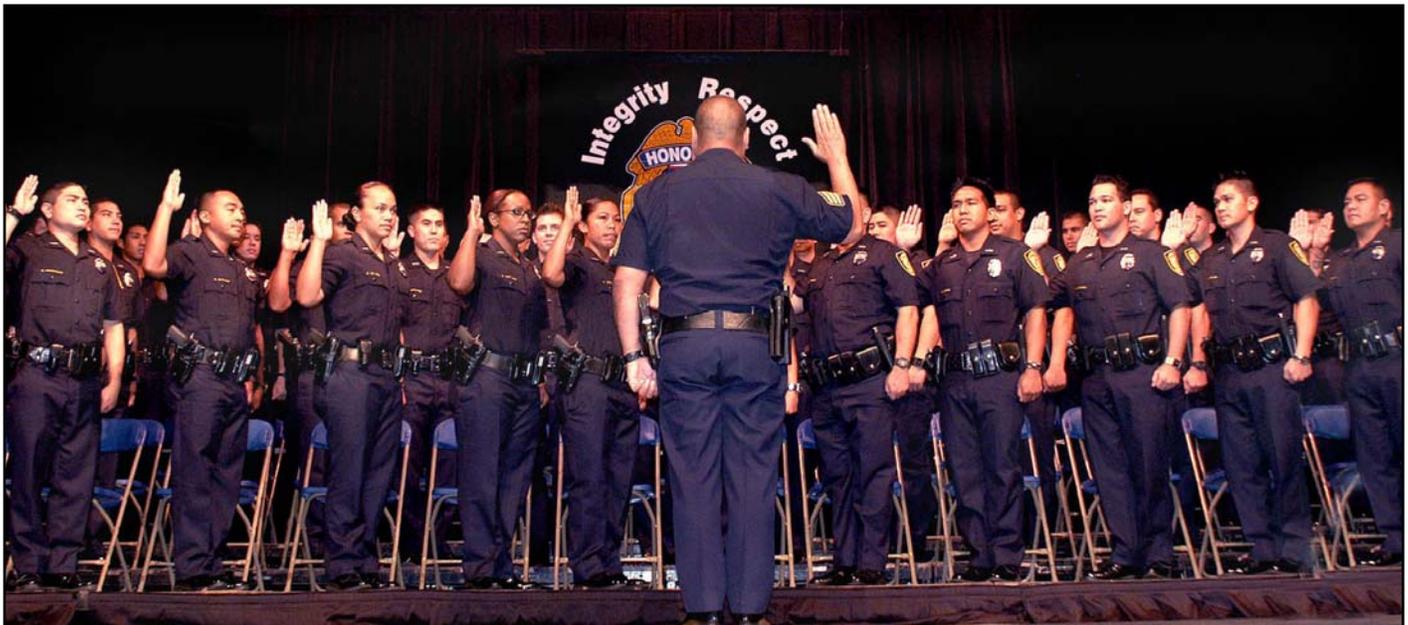


The division's training program is divided into two curricula: the functional skills curriculum and the administrative curriculum. The functional skills curriculum is comprised of the following courses and programs: Control and Arrest Tactics, Emergency Vehicle Operations Course, Fit for Life, Firearms, Annual Recall Training, and Police Officer Survival Training. The administrative curriculum is comprised of courses and programs on Administration and Recruit Training.

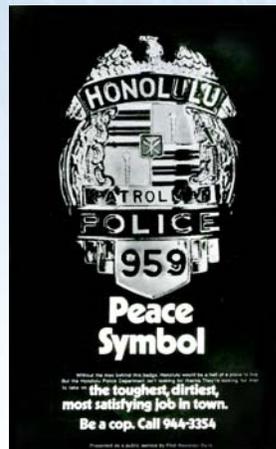
Annual Recall Training (ART) sessions are held to keep officers apprised of current standards and practices, which include training required by the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies, Inc. ART sessions consist of mandatory

training in firearms and on the subjects of sexual harassment, bloodborne pathogens, hazardous materials, automated external defibrillator, and cardiopulmonary resuscitation. In 2007, the division held 53 sessions with 1,905 officers in attendance.

Executive training was provided by the division for all supervisory staff. In 2007, six of these training sessions were held. With 120 attendees, Leadership Works--Leadership Island Style focused on management strategies with regard to the unique cultures in Hawaii.



1970s Recruitment Posters





Administrative Bureau



The division holds specialized training courses to promote career development and enhance patrol skills. The Supervisory Training Regimen in Preparation and Education of Sergeants (STRIPES) course is a one-week program that prepares candidates for their roles as supervisors. A three-day Lieutenant's Training Session (LTS) furthers leadership and management skills. In 2007, 90 officers attended these training sessions.

As a continuing component of the electric gun program, the division increased the number of certified instructors to 24 and qualified gun carriers to 375 officers. An additional 271 guns were received and distributed to the patrol districts and the Specialized Services and Narcotics/Vice Divisions. In December 2007, the Training Division began to install video recorders on all issued electric guns.

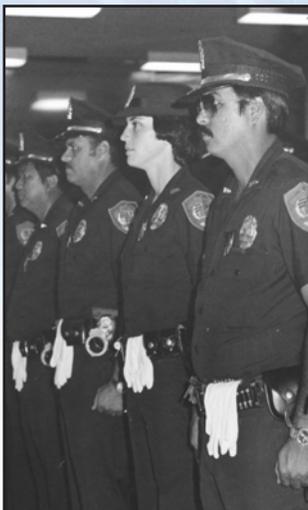


In addition to the firing range and the emergency vehicle operations course, the Training Division utilizes firearm and driving simulators to enhance officer training. By using this technology, the division is able to create "real-life" situations to test and improve officer decision-making skills, all without risk of injury. The simulators also serve as an effective way to maximize training resources. Officers are able to replay scenarios as needed, and critiques are immediate.



Progress on the \$7 million indoor pistol range at the academy continued throughout 2007; and the range is now slated for completion in the second quarter of 2008. With 30 firing points, a gunsmith shop, a classroom, and an arsenal, the new range will have the capability to accommodate firearms qualifications for day and night operations personnel.

The Training Division is currently preparing for an on-site assessment in anticipation of a Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies, Inc., reaccreditation in 2009.



1975

The first females are accepted into the department to perform patrol duties and undergo the same qualification testing procedures as males. Mary Beck and Barbara Uphouse are the first commissioned female patrol officers.



Barbara (Uphouse) Wong goes on to become the first female Assistant Police Chief and retires in 2000.



SUPPORT SERVICES BUREAU





Support Services Bureau



COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION

The Communications Division receives emergency requests and dispatches emergency services throughout the island. As the largest Public Safety Answering Point in the state, the division answers all 9-1-1 calls on Oahu. In 2007, over 75 percent (760,262) of the nearly one million calls received were for police services. The remaining calls were for the Honolulu Fire Department (54,099), the Honolulu Emergency Services Department (76,706), and miscellaneous events (96,012). The division also serves as the Alternate Hawaii State Warning Point for all civil defense emergencies, such as tsunamis and enemy attacks.

At the 2007 Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies, Inc. (CALEA), Summer Conference held in Montreal, Canada, the Honolulu Police Department's Communications Division was awarded the CALEA Public Safety Communications reaccreditation certification. This certification guarantees that the department's Communications Division has met internationally recognized standards for public safety and communication. The division was also awarded the distinction of being a Flagship Agency Program by CALEA. This award acknowledges the division's achievements and expertise as a public safety communications agency.

Cellular telephone calls to 9-1-1 account for 60 percent of all emergency calls received by the Communications Division. In the past, if a 9-1-1 caller was unable to provide his or her location, officers were unable to help. In order to solve this problem, the Communications Division implemented the Enhanced 9-1-1 system in March 2007. This system has



the capability to geographically locate wireless callers. The coordinates received with the 9-1-1 call are simultaneously transferred to the GeoLynx mapping system, which identifies an approximate area where the caller is located, enabling officers to respond.

The Communications Division continues to work with other city agencies on the development of a 3-1-1 nonemergency system. In 2007, nearly two-thirds of 9-1-1 calls were nonemergency related. With the implementation of the 3-1-1 system, the burden of handling nonemergency service calls will no longer be placed on the 9-1-1 system, freeing call takers to handle actual emergencies.

The division is also working with city agencies to establish a Joint Traffic Management Center. Dispatchers from first-responder agencies will be centralized, resulting in improved coordination and response to potentially catastrophic events.

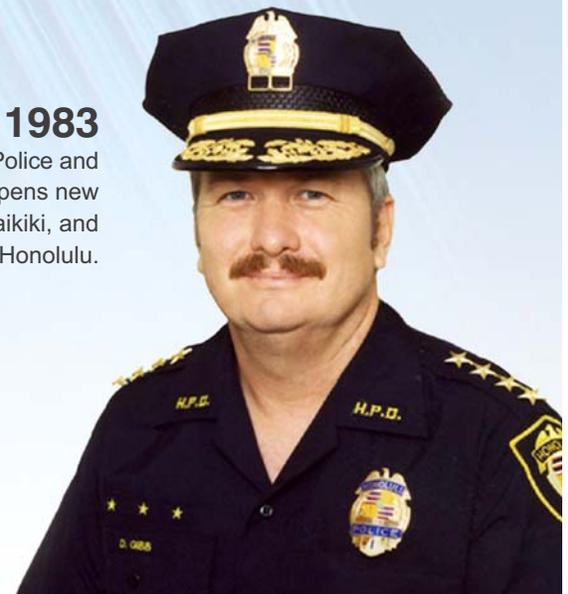


1976

Sister Roberta Julie Derby begins volunteering at HPD and becomes the Senior Chaplain a year later. She serves until her passing in 1996.

1983

Douglas G. Gibb is appointed Chief of Police and serves until 1989. He successfully opens new police substations in Kahuku, Waikiki, and downtown Honolulu.





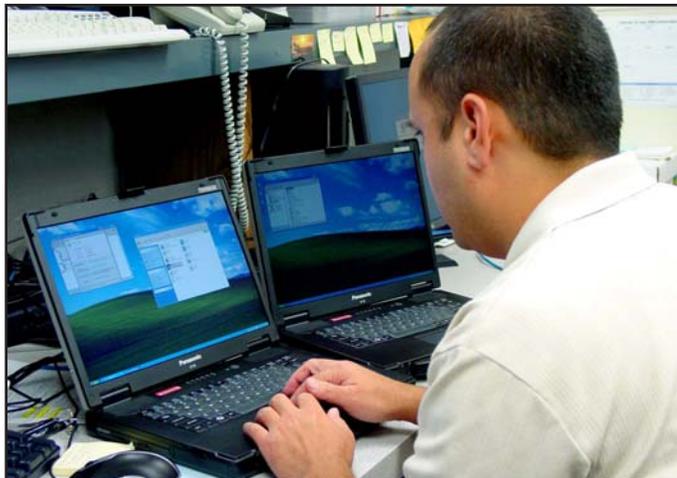
Support Services Bureau



INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DIVISION

The Information Technology Division (ITD) provides technologic and research support for the department and is organized into three sections: Data, Research, and Mobile Data Computing (MDC). The division is responsible for the department's information technology systems, statistical reporting, and research.

The Data Section's primary responsibility is to develop and support the department's information technology systems, including hardware and software. The department's integrated technology system is able to increase efficiency. These systems include computer aided dispatching, automated field reporting, and records management. Support to the department is provided 24/7 via the Help Desk and standby services. In 2007, there were 3,112 calls for service in support of the department's approximately 1,200 computers, 1,800 laptops, and 320 printers.



The Research Section conducts studies to support police operations and management. Responsibilities include maintaining and revising the department's directive system, providing accreditation support, coordinating annual reports, and researching crime information and statistics. The section also serves as a resource center for the department's various committees and programs and completes special projects as needed.

The MDC Section focuses on mobile computing technology to support patrol operations. This team continues to develop and enhance the automated field reporting system and train officers in the use of mobile computing technology. In 2007, the MDC section deployed over 300 new mobile data computers.

Program highlights for 2007 included the development of a web application that tracks mileage and gasoline consumption and the deployment of the Automated Fuel Management



TO RESIST DRUGS AND VIOLENCE

1984

The HPD museum opens at Pawa station and in 1992 moves to Alapai headquarters.

1985

The HPD begins a drug abuse prevention program for fifth-grade students called DARE.





Support Services Bureau



System (AFMS). The AFMS, during refueling, automatically monitors odometer and engine readings and the vehicle maintenance schedule.

The division also developed and tested the prototype for the Automated Vehicle Location (AVL) system. Installed in over 265 patrol vehicles, the AVL system uses global positioning systems to determine real-time officer/vehicle location. The information is then broadcasted through the wireless data network to departmental servers. The AVL is used by dispatchers and field commanders to enhance officer safety and manage deployments.

Internal analysis applications were enhanced to give officers the ability to easily track crime trends. Officers are now able to analyze data using the variables they choose, allowing for more accurate patrol operations. Additional statistical reports were also created to improve crime analysis.

In 2007, the ITD facilitated the department's partnership with the U.S. Attorney for Hawaii and other law enforcement agencies to establish a LInX (Law Enforcement Information Exchange) system in Hawaii. LInX is an information-sharing system developed by the Naval Criminal Investigation Service that enables police departments to consolidate information to help identify suspects and solve crimes. Over 140 police investigators were trained to use the system in crime investigations.

RECORDS AND IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

The Records and Identification Division consists of seven major sections: Records, Evidence, Warrants, Firearms, Identification, Follow-Up, and Alarm Tracking and Billing. The division maintains records for all reported incidents requiring police services. The division is also responsible for serving warrants, administering the registration of alarms and firearms, handling of evidence, and fingerprinting.

In 2007, the division continued to streamline the Records Management System (RMS) and Automated Field Reporting (AFR) program to meet departmental needs.

Throughout the year, nearly 1,400,000 pages were scanned using the Document Imaging system.

In 2007, the Evidence Room continued to use PropertyBureau.com to auction unclaimed property. A total of \$25,520 was collected from the on-line auctions.

The Firearms Section processed 4,866 firearms permits. In 2007, seven applications for personal licenses to carry were processed and denied during the year.

The Alarm Tracking and Billing Section is responsible for registering all burglar alarms in the City and County of Honolulu. Permits are issued for burglar alarms and then tracked for excessive incidents of false alarms. Service charges are assessed if more than three false alarms occur within a calendar year. Alarm owners may attend a class

1988

The Ke Kula Maka'i training academy opens in Waipahu.



1989

The Smith and Wesson 5906, 9 mm semiautomatic handgun becomes standard issue for patrol officers.

1990

The Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS) is implemented. AFIS stores criminal fingerprint records and is also able to compare prints electronically.



Support Services Bureau



given by the police department and various alarm companies regarding the proper use of alarms. Presently, there are 30,963 alarm permits. In 2007, the number of alarm calls increased by 2 percent.

In an effort to efficiently process outstanding warrants, the Warrants Section worked closely with the patrol districts in developing the division's Intranet website. This website provides an updated list of outstanding, high-profile persons for each district as well as a weekly listing of high-profile warrants. As a result of these efforts, the number of warrants served between 2006 and 2007 has increased by 13 percent.

After the initial pilot program in 2006, the Identification Section coordinated the department-wide conversion to a Livescan system in 2007. The Intergrated Livescan System digitally processes the fingerprints of arrested persons. It also allows for the transfer of these digital fingerprints and arrestee information to the Hawaii Criminal Justice Data Center, Department of the Attorney General, which then transfers the information to the databases of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This system significantly reduces the administrative turnaround time, resulting in an improved arrestee identification process.

LEGISLATIVE LIAISON OFFICE

The Legislative Liaison Office (LLO) is responsible for coordinating all legislative matters that affect departmental operations. During the 2007 legislative session, the LLO tracked 3,975 bills and resolutions that were introduced.

The office is also responsible for tracking bills and resolutions that were presented before the City Council.

The LLO provided classes for the department and other county police departments on recently enacted and modified state laws. In addition, the LLO gives presentations to various community groups on bills the department supports.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS SECTION

In 2007, the Telecommunications Systems Section (TSS) completed a number of projects that included upgrading departmental portable radios, improving roof light bars for police subsidized vehicles, and evaluating telecommunications technology.

Results from the first phase of the pilot program for the light-emitting diode (LED) roof light bar led the TSS to make modifications and improvements to the mounts. The second phase of the LED roof light bar pilot project will begin in January 2008.

In 2007, the TSS repaired and upgraded 2,753 portable radios. The TSS also provides training to police officers, which in 2007 included the utilization of the new 800 MHz radio that is able to communicate with various city first-responder agencies. The section also began field testing electronic siren units. These units contain an air horn and can also be used as a public address system. In addition, the TSS has been evaluating a portable radio charger.



1990

Michael S. Nakamura is sworn in as Chief on August 1 and retires in 1997. His focus on community policing leads to the decentralization and expansion of the role of police officers. Chief Nakamura seeks to bridge the traditional gap between law enforcement and the public.



1992

HPD moves into the new Alapai headquarters located at 801 South Beretania Street.



Support Services Bureau



Beginning in December 2006 and continuing through 2007, the TSS assisted the city's Department of Information Technology in transferring the old radio communications circuits to the new digital microwave system. The new system provides three times the capacity for additional users, equipment, and add-on features. In December 2007, the old microwave system was decommissioned.

The Federal Communications Commission has mandated a nationwide re-banding of all public safety 800 MHz radios due to interference on these radios. During the last quarter of 2007, TSS technicians evaluated new radio programming software and radio feature codes that will be implemented during this mandatory frequency re-band. Every 800 MHz radio will require reprogramming, and the TSS expects to complete the project in 2008.

The TSS, along with the ITD and the Vehicle Maintenance Section, participated in the Cops West 2007 Conference to research new technology and equipment for future HPD vehicles. Some of this research included license plate readers, new mobile data computing equipment, new LED lighting systems, interoperable communication solutions, in-car video systems, and wireless solutions.

VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SECTION

The Vehicle Maintenance Section (VMS) is responsible for the repair and maintenance of the department's fleet of police vehicles, as well as motorcycles, support vehicles, trailers, and off-road gear.

During 2007, the VMS ordered 68 patrol cars equipped with "flexible-fuel" engines, 2 passenger vans, 2 cargo vans, 1 service truck, and 5 BMW police motorcycles.

In 2007, the VMS installed the Automated Fuel Management System hardware in approximately 150 vehicles. The section also installed roof identification number decals on all police patrol vehicles.

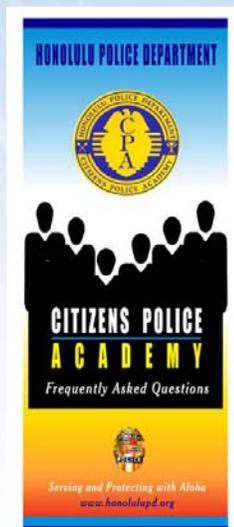


1993

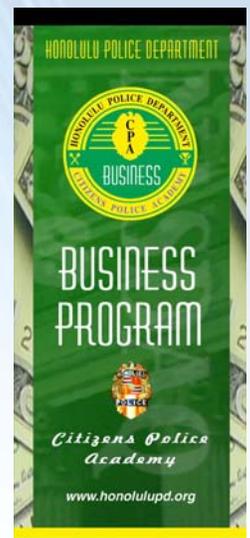
The Graffiti Hotline is established, making it easier for the public to report instances of graffiti.

1994

The Citizens Police Academy begins as an interactive program designed to educate the public about HPD's policies and procedures, the criminal justice system, and ways to reduce crime.



The success of this program leads HPD to offer similar programs designed for youth and businesses.





EXECUTIVE OFFICE





Executive Office



COMMUNITY AFFAIRS SECTION

The Community Affairs Section (CAS) is responsible for managing the department's community relations as well as coordinating and operating a number of special projects and events. They include the departmental museum, Speakers Bureau, Mounted Unit, Reserve Officer program, Maka`i Video Productions unit, Ho`ike Information Line, Graffiti Hotline, Ride-A-Long program, Citizens Police Academy, Youth Citizens Police Academy, Business Police Academy, and numerous award ceremonies. The section oversees the community policing efforts of the eight districts and maintains the department's Internet website.

The museum houses exhibits that narrate the history of the Honolulu Police Department (HPD) from its inception in 1932 to the present day. The museum is a popular stop for visitors touring the Alapai headquarters and had over 3,000 visitors in 2007.

The Speakers Bureau coordinates educational talks and presentations on home and personal security, robbery and theft prevention, child safety, and many other topics. In 2007, departmental personnel gave 662 presentations, with CAS handling 157 engagements.

The Mounted Unit adds a unique dimension to the department by providing high visibility patrol, crowd control, rural area searches, and assistance with beach projects. The unit made 34 educational appearances in 2007, reaching more than 18,500 citizens. Personnel in the unit assisted patrol districts with 28 cases, effected 8 warrant arrests, and issued 80 citations.



The Reserve Officer program enlists the services of qualified sworn citizens and retired police officers to perform emergency police duties. Reserve officers provide additional police protection with emphasis on supplementing the patrol divisions without compensation from the City and County of Honolulu. The program has 100 authorized positions; but by the end of 2007, there were only 76 active members. In 2007, the reserve officers volunteered over 17,000 hours to the city.

The Maka`i Video Productions unit creates and produces media products for the department's projects, functions, and events. The unit completed 25 new videos and assisted with 65 other projects. The unit also produced internal training videos for the Specialized Services Division, Peer Support Unit, Traffic Division, and Training Division. Specialized productions include an FBI antiterrorist video and the Honolulu Police Department's 75th Diamond Jubilee Banquet.



1998

Lee D. Donohue is a 33-year veteran of the police department when he is appointed as Chief of Police. He focuses his efforts on improving the safety of officers. In 2004, Chief Donohue retires.



1999

The deployment of mobile data computers begins.

2001

The tragic events of September 11 cause law enforcement agencies around the country to concentrate on securing the homeland.





Executive Office



The Ho`ike Information Line at 529-3352 provides a contact point for the public to obtain answers or referrals for police-related questions. The public may call with questions on weekdays during normal business hours. The Graffiti Hotline at 529-3222 is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, providing the public with a direct line to report graffiti problems on public or private property. The department addressed more than 100 graffiti-related problems in 2007.

The Citizen Police Academy (CPA) holds yearly classes to open the lines of communication between the community and the police department. By enrolling in the CPA, members of the public gain firsthand experience on what it takes to become an officer. Participants learn about the educational, physical, and emotional demands that officers undergo. This heightened understanding can alleviate misconceptions about police work and foster a mutually respectful relationship between the public and the department. There have been 26 CPA classes since its inception in 1994, and a total of 487 people have graduated from the program.

The Business Police Academy (BPA) began in 2003 as an interactive program for citizens in public and private sector businesses. The BPA fosters "understanding through education" and helps to develop awareness for business people, thus enhancing the quality of life in the community. Subject matters covered in the class include identity theft, forgery, shoplifting, employee theft, workplace violence, and drug and narcotics awareness. Since its inception, 99 members of the business community have graduated from the program. For information on the BPA, interested parties may call 529-3351.

The CAS manages the department's Internet website at www.honoluluupd.org. The site includes a departmental overview

and history, statistics, safety information, answers to frequently asked questions, and other useful information. Questions or comments may be forwarded to the department via e-mail at hpd@honolulu.org. In 2007, CAS responded to nearly 7,000 e-mails.

OFFICE OF ACCREDITATION

The Office of Accreditation is responsible for facilitating the compliance of operational policies and procedures with the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies, Inc. (CALEA), accreditation standards. By ensuring that periodic reviews and reports are completed, the office prepares the department for future reaccreditations.

Created to promote and recognize excellence, professionalism, and competence in law enforcement, the coveted CALEA Accreditation Program is an independent process designed to encourage international standards. The Honolulu Police Department (HPD) was awarded its first CALEA Law Enforcement Accreditation certificate in 2003 and since has been awarded accreditation in Public Safety Communications and Public Safety Training Academy. In 2006, the department was presented with the CALEA TRI-ARC Excellence Award. This award recognizes agencies that received accreditations in all three CALEA Accreditation Programs. The HPD is the first major metropolitan law enforcement agency to attain this triple accreditation and one of only three in the nation to have received this coveted award.

The HPD is currently working toward its second Law Enforcement and Public Safety Communications reaccreditation and its first Public Safety Training Academy reaccreditation.



2004

Boisse P. Correa is sworn in as the 9th Chief of Police. The Chief joined the department in 1970 and rose through the ranks, working in nearly every element in the department.

2003

HPD is awarded accreditation from the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies, Inc. (CALEA), and has since received two additional accreditations. In 2006, the HPD received the CALEA TRI-ARC Excellence Award.



2006

Modernization of the dispatch center is complete.

HONOLULU POLICE DEPARTMENT

A Nationally Accredited Law Enforcement Agency



COMMISSION ON ACCREDITATION FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, INC.

Serving and Protecting With Aloha

75th Diamond Jubilee Anniversary Celebration



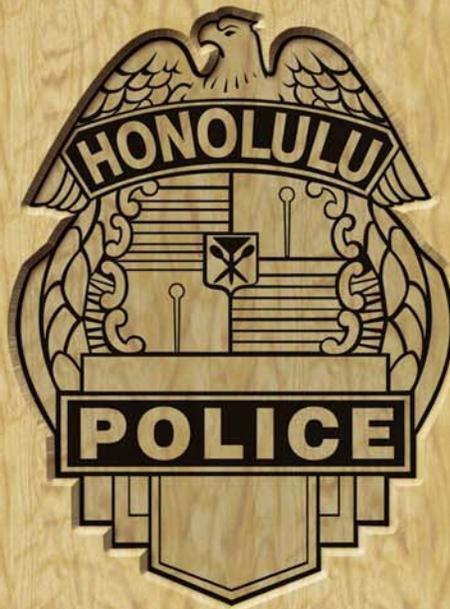
Serving and Protecting With Aloha since 1932







Honolulu Police Department's Hall of Fame



*Honoring those who have distinguished themselves
through their outstanding contributions and service
to the department and the community.*

Established May 17, 2007



Honolulu Police Department's Hall Of Fame

Chief Francis A. Keala
April 16, 1956, to April 1, 1983

At the age of 39, Francis Keala became the fifth and youngest police chief in the history of the Honolulu Police Department. He led the department for more than 13 years, from December 24, 1969, until his retirement on April 1, 1983.

Chief Keala entered office during the time of the Vietnam conflict demonstrations, civil rights movement, and emergence of the police union. In what was considered a bold move at the time, he informed business leaders that organized crime had become well established in the community and pledged to work to disrupt its operations. He also focused on common crimes utilizing innovative and elaborate tactics, such as the "Operation Hukilau" and "hooker-lau" sting operations, Operation Green Harvest, a school truancy program, and a "no questions asked" firearms turn-in campaign.

Chief Keala is credited with expanding Internal Affairs to include annual inspections of personnel, equipment, vehicles, and records; nationally recognized recruiting and training programs; crime trend analysis; and the creation of a community relations division to promote public involvement in the fight against crime. Chief Keala emphasized that crime was not just a police problem but a concern for every individual, business, and community group.

Inducted May 17, 2007



Honolulu Police Department's Hall Of Fame

Chief Daniel S. C. Liu
June 1, 1932, to July 1, 1969

Dan Liu was the Honolulu Police Department's fourth and longest serving police chief. He led the department for 21 years--from October 1, 1948, until his retirement on July 1, 1969. He is the first American police chief of Chinese descent.

The HPD rose to national prominence during Chief Liu's tenure. His term was marked by strict enforcement programs, improved working conditions and benefits, and first-rate police training. Many of the changes he instituted are still in place today, including the redesigned police badge and the establishment of the chaplaincy corps, canine corps, and Police Activities League.

Chief Liu was the first police official from Hawaii to be elected president of the International Association of Chiefs of Police. Mayor Neal S. Blaisdell described Chief Liu as "one of the greatest policemen in the world." At his retirement, Governor John A. Burns presented Chief Liu with the Chamber of Commerce of Hawaii's highest honor, the Order of the Splintered Paddle, given to an individual who has made significant contributions to mankind.

The HPD Downtown Substation was named in Chief Liu's honor.

Inducted May 17, 2007



Honolulu Police Department's Hall Of Fame

**Sergeant Edwin I. Adolphson, Jr.
September 1, 1939, to May 31, 1966**

Edwin "Buddy" Adolphson is considered one of the most honored police officers in the United States and is credited with saving the lives of more than 100 people--swimmers, surfers, fishermen, boaters, and hikers.

Sergeant Adolphson was the only person assigned to the Safety Patrol and spent most of this time on the North Shore. In addition to his regular police gear, he had a surfboard, medical kit, resuscitator, rope, and equipment for mountain rescues.

Sergeant Adolphson's numerous honors include the U.S. Army Pacific Command's Military Honor of Loyal Companions, Australian Bronze Medallion, Carnegie Hero Fund Commission's Bronze Medal, National Police Officers Association Medal of Merit, and the HPD Merit Award First Class. He was inducted into the National Police Hall of Fame, and he is the first officer to receive the departmental flag for outstanding heroism.

Inducted May 17, 2007



Honolulu Police Department's Hall Of Fame

Sister Roberta Julie Derby
November 4, 1976, to April 8, 1996

Sister Roberta Julie Derby was the first female police chaplain in the United States and the only Honolulu Police Department (HPD) chaplain to receive the HPD's Warrior Silver Medal of Valor. During her nearly 20 years of service with the HPD, she earned the respect and admiration of officers of all ranks. Many of the department's high-ranking officers attributed their success to her guidance and assistance.

Sister Roberta's association with the department began in 1971, while she was teaching criminal justice classes at Chaminade University. In 1976, she started volunteering at the HPD and became the senior chaplain a year later. "Chaplain One," as she was known, was awarded the Silver Medal of Valor in 1980 for defusing a hostage situation by entering the apartment, removing the child being held at gunpoint by his father, and successfully negotiating the armed man's surrender.

In January 1989, Sister Roberta was appointed to a full-time position as the department's Police Counselor/Chaplain Coordinator and managed the activities of the Human Services Unit.

The park adjacent to the HPD headquarters is named in her honor.

Inducted May 17, 2007



AWARDS AND HONORS





Awards and Honors



Honolulu Police Department *Warrior Gold Medal of Valor*



Officer Zane D. Hamrick



Awards and Honors



Honolulu Police Department *Warrior Bronze Medal of Valor*



Officer Nathan I. Nakamura



Awards and Honors



Honolulu Police Department *Warrior Bronze Medal of Merit*



Officer Louise R. Akina



Awards and Honors



Honolulu Police Department

Certificate of Merit



Officer Michael D. Hughes



Sergeant Michael S. Nakada



Officer John M. Decosta



Officer Nalei R. Sooto



Officer Justin M. Winter



Awards and Honors



Metropolitan Police Officer of the Year



Officer Zane D. Hamrick



Officer Harry C. Burt

Lieutenant of the Year



Lieutenant William L. Kato

Detective of the Year



Detective Roland S. Takasato



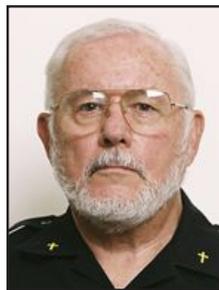
Detective Theodore L. Coons

Sergeant of the Year



Sergeant Ardi M. Maioho

Reserve Officer of the Year



Chaplain Vincent D. O'Neill

Parent of the Year



Officer Antone Pacheco Jr.

Civilian Manager of the Year



Dr. Herbert M. Gupton

Civilian Employee of the Year



Mr. Chun H. Yee

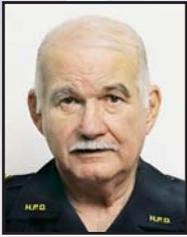
Citizenship Award



Mr. Rom Trader



2007 Retirees



Henry A. Robinson
Longest Service-Sworn
46 years



June S. Takiguchi
Longest Service-Civilian
34 years



Glen R. Kajiyama
Highest Ranking
Metropolitan Deputy Chief



Bentley K. Alama



Joyce L. Alapa



Michael F. Arnone



Carole S. Atkins



Gilbert R. Brown



Robert Chang



Ronald Ching



Laura K. T. Chong



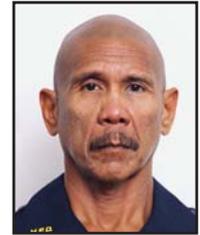
Laura M. Z. Chun



Aukake R. Dapitan



Bayard J. K. Doane



Christopher B. R. Duque



Ford Y. Ebesugawa



Robert Elliot



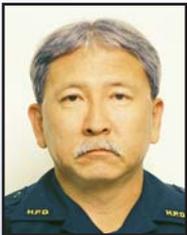
Alan F. Fujimoto



John S. Gibo



Scott M. Headle



Charles I. Ishimoto



Hypolito E. Javier



Lloyd J. Josey Jr.



Kenneth J. Kaku



Leighton A. Kalapa



2007 Retirees



John P. Kerr



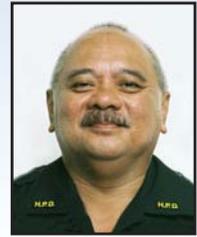
Travis K. Kohatsu



Clayton S. Y. S. Lai



William M. Luat



Hilario Magaoay



Claire K. Nakamura



Laura L. Natividad



Yoshinori Ojiri



Andrew K. Okada



Alan J. Oku



Kathleen Osmond



Elroy N. Paikai



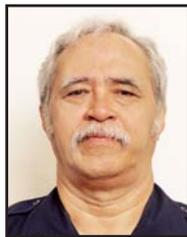
Olga A. Pinero



Gerald M. Rebuldela



Gerald Reese



John C. Scanlan



William Vasconcellos Jr.



Mark L. U. Victor



Edwin E. Voeller



Frederick R. Witte



Jimmy K. K. Wong



Wesley Y. K. K. Wong



Dennis S. Yamashita



Dennis H. Yogi



Dennis S. C. Yuen

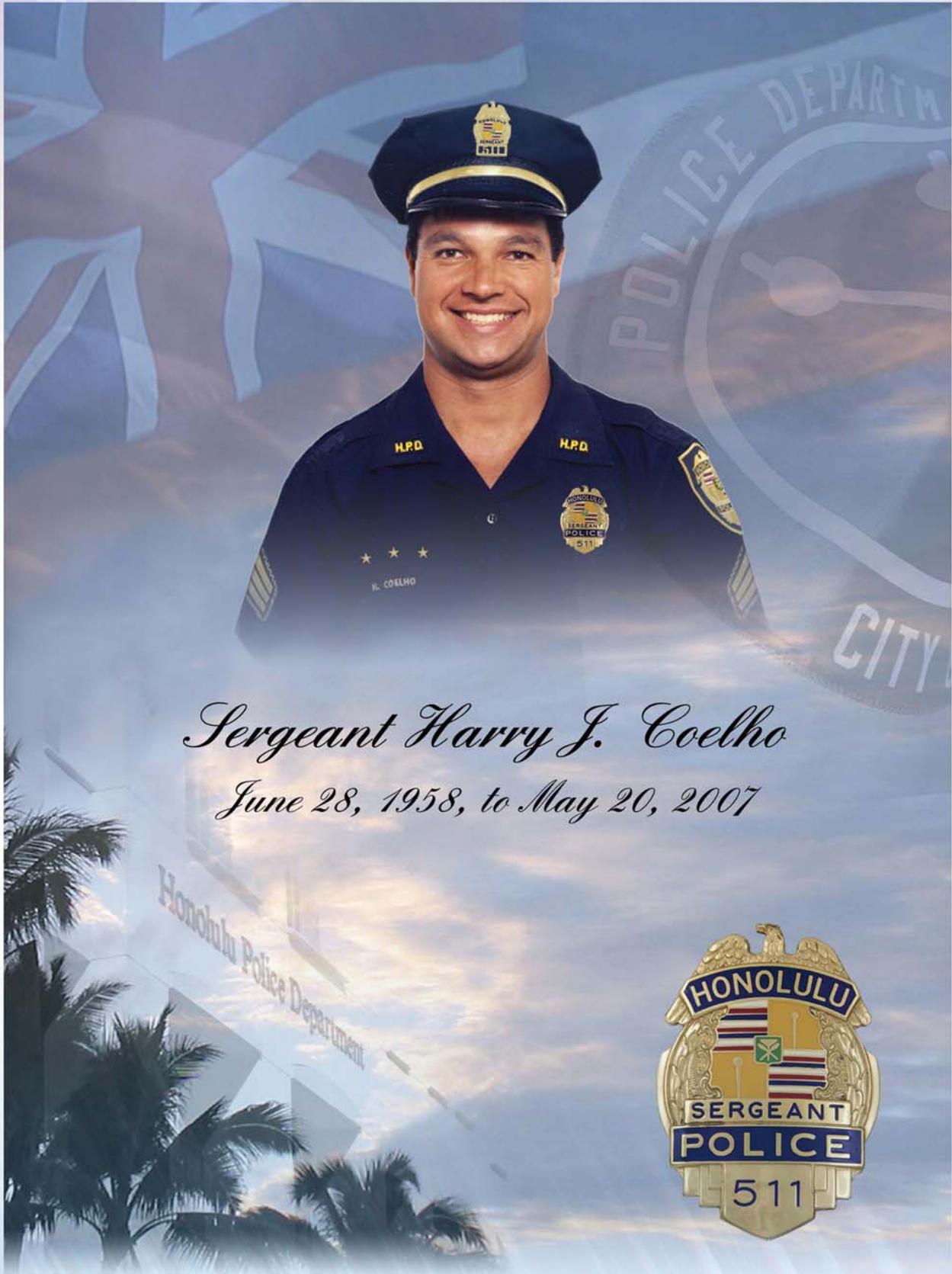


IN REMEMBRANCE





In Memoriam



Sergeant Harry J. Coelho
June 28, 1958, to May 20, 2007





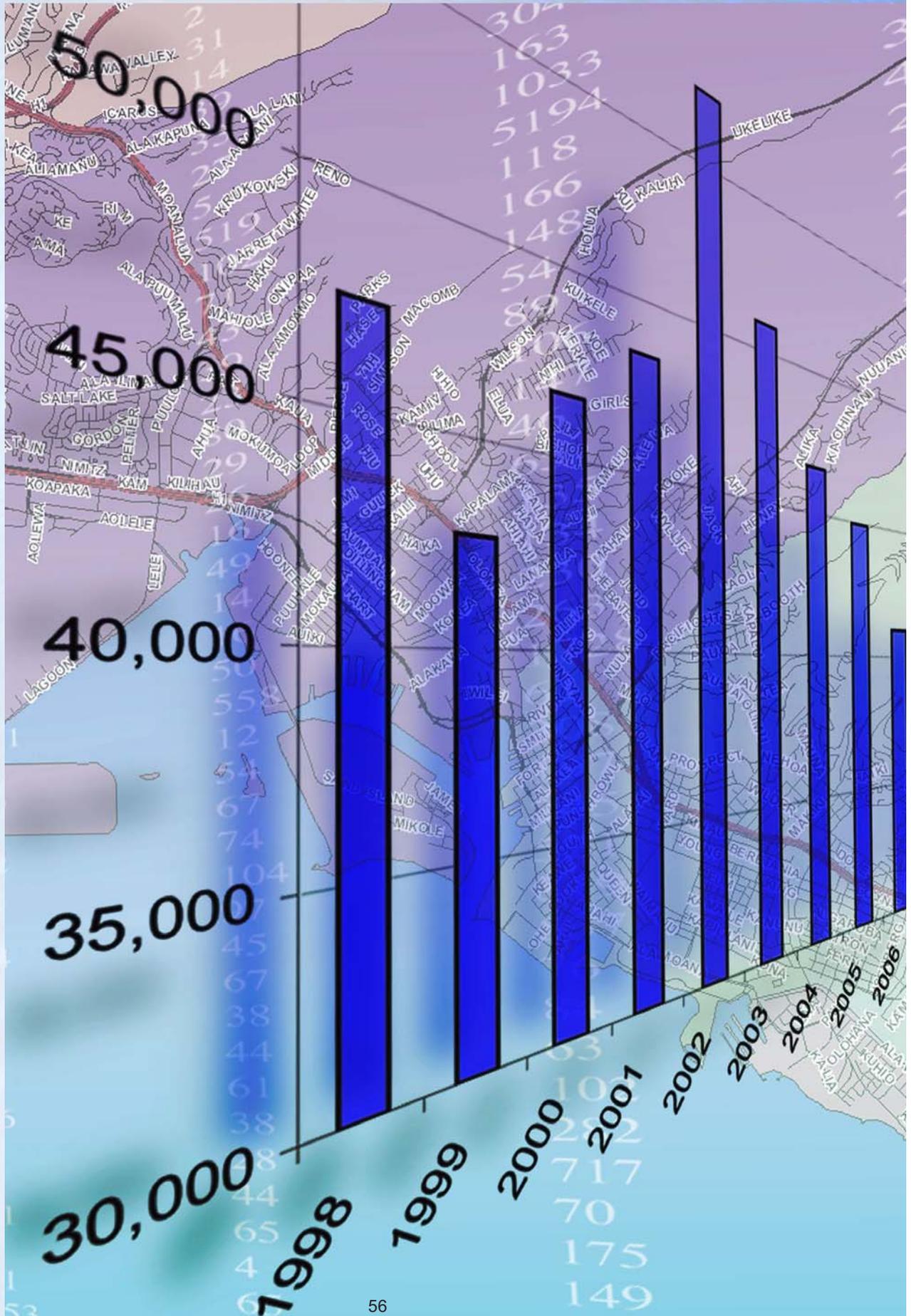
ROLL OF HONOR

In memory of those police officers who through their dedicated and selfless efforts, sacrificed their lives in the protection of the rights, liberties, and happiness of their community.

- | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1851 | Constable Kaaulana | 1969 | Reserve Officer Ernest G. Lindemann |
| 1903 | Officer John W. Mahelona | 1971 | Officer David R. Huber |
| 1913 | Officer Manuel D. Abreu | 1971 | Officer Benjamin N. Kealoha Jr. |
| 1916 | Officer Frederick Wright | 1976 | Officer Larry J. Stewart |
| 1923 | Officer James K. Keonaona | 1977 | Officer Robert A. Corter |
| 1923 | Officer David W. Mahukona | 1977 | Pilot Thomas A. Moher |
| 1925 | Officer Edwin H. Boyd | 1977 | Officer Merlin C. Kaeo |
| 1926 | Officer George H. Macy | 1979 | Officer Ernest R. Grogg |
| 1927 | Officer Samson Paele | 1985 | Officer David W. Parker |
| 1928 | Detective William K. Kama | 1987 | Officer David N. Ronk |
| 1930 | Officer George Rogers | 1987 | Officer Troy L. Barboza |
| 1936 | Sergeant Henry A. Chillingworth | 1990 | Officer Roy E. Thurman |
| 1937 | Officer Wah Choon Lee | 1991 | Officer Randal N. Young |
| 1942 | Officer Alfred W. Dennis | 1995 | Officer Bryant B. Bayne |
| 1962 | Officer Joseph K. Whitford Jr. | 1995 | Officer Tate D. Kahakai |
| 1963 | Officer Abraham E. Mahiko | 2001 | Officer Dannygriggs M. Padayao |
| 1963 | Officer Andrew R. Morales | 2003 | Officer Glen A. Gaspar |
| 1964 | Officer Patrick K. Ihu | 2003 | Officer Ryan K. Goto |
| 1964 | Lieutenant Benedict Eleneki | 2004 | Officer Issac Veal |
| 1965 | Officer Bradley N. Kaanana | 2006 | Officer Steve B. Favela |
| 1967 | Officer Frank R. Medeiros | 2007 | Sergeant Harry J. Coelho |



STATISTICS





Statistics 2007

Major statistics are presented on pages 58 through 71.

For purposes of presentation, statistics are categorized in different ways. For instance, offenses are counted in two ways: actual and reported.

"Actual offenses" are defined according to the standards of the Uniform Crime Reporting program of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Counts of actual offenses are a common measure of crime. The data that appear on pages 58 through 63 are based on actual offenses.

"Reported offenses" include unfounded complaints, which are screened out in the counting of actual offenses. Counts of reported offenses are a common measure of workload. The data on pages 64 through 71 of this section are based on reported offenses.



Crime Index 1998-2007

Seven serious offenses are used to define trends and make comparisons across the nation. These offenses are called index crimes, and data about them are drawn from the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program. The offenses consist of four violent crimes (murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) and three property crimes (burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft).

During 2007, a total of 39,810 index crimes occurred in Honolulu, a decrease of 3 percent from 2006. The number of indexed crimes are still lower than the number of crimes recorded in the mid-1970s. Violent crimes decreased by 5 percent, with the number of aggravated assaults accounting for the largest percentage decrease (8 percent). Property crimes decreased by 3 percent, with the number of auto theft having the largest percent decrease (22 percent).

Offenses	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Murder	17	37	20	20	18
Forcible Rape	242	235	240	293	304
Robbery	1,052	907	984	999	1,072
Aggravated Assault	1,031	1,019	1,058	1,141	1,207
VIOLENT CRIME	2,342	2,198	2,302	2,453	2,601
Burglary	7,692	6,087	6,946	7,340	8,932
Larceny-Theft	32,669	30,396	32,197	33,052	37,250
Motor Vehicle Theft	4,750	3,997	5,214	5,597	8,488
PROPERTY CRIMES	45,111	40,480	44,357	45,989	54,670
TOTALS	47,453	42,678	46,659	48,442	57,271

Offenses	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Murder	15	26	15	17	19
Forcible Rape	266	222	234	229	226
Robbery	989	818	841	956	943
Aggravated Assault	1,336	1,441	1,480	1,543	1,425
VIOLENT CRIME	2,606	2,507	2,570	2,745	2,613
Burglary	7,967	7,240	6,209	5,482	5,777
Larceny-Theft	32,086	29,512	29,376	26,540	26,483
Motor Vehicle Theft	8,253	7,369	6,798	6,288	4,937
PROPERTY CRIMES	48,306	44,121	42,383	38,310	37,197
TOTALS	50,912	46,628	44,953	41,055	39,810

Source: FBI Uniform Crime Reports



Comparative Summary 2005-2007

	2005	2006	2007
Actual Personnel Strength (December)			
All Employees	2,476	2,498	2,518
Police Officers	2,003	2,018	2,022
Officers Per 1,000 Population	2.2	2.2	2.2
Operating Expenditures (Fiscal Year)			
	\$165,279,577	\$168,864,142	\$177,751,962
Crime Rate Per 100,000 Population			
Murder	1.7	1.9	2.1
Forcible Rape	25.9	25.3	25.0
Robbery	93.2	105.4	104.1
Aggravated Assault	164.1	170.2	157.4
Burglary	688.4	604.6	637.9
Larceny-Theft	3,256.8	2,927.1	2,924.4
Motor Vehicle Theft	753.7	693.5	545.2
TOTAL	4,983.7	4,528.0	4,396.0
Adults Arrested (Except Traffic)			
	28,126	30,698	32,742
Juveniles Arrested (Except Traffic)			
	7,503	8,347	9,006
TOTAL	35,629	39,045	41,748
Value of Property Stolen			
	\$76,228,422	\$73,734,662	\$70,418,527
Motor Vehicle Traffic Collisions			
Major	7,153	6,719	6,199
Minor	19,839	18,318	17,653
TOTAL	26,992	25,037	23,852
Persons Killed	78	90	67
Resident Population (Estimates)			
	902,000	906,700	905,600



Offenses and Clearances - 2007

INDEX CRIMES

Offenses	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Murder	19	17	89.5
Forcible Rape	226	139	61.5
Robbery	943	247	26.2
Aggravated Assault	1,425	552	38.7
VIOLENT CRIME	2,613	955	36.5
Burglary	5,777	267	4.6
Larceny-Theft	26,483	2,994	11.3
Motor Vehicle Theft	4,937	409	8.3
PROPERTY CRIME	37,197	3,670	9.9
TOTAL INDEX CRIMES	39,810	4,625	11.6

PART II OFFENSES

Offenses	Number of Offenses	Clearances	Percent Cleared
Part II Offenses	67,108	45,941	68.5

ALL OFFENSES

Offenses	Number of Offenses	Clearances	Percent Cleared
All Offenses	106,918	50,566	47.3



Adults and Juveniles Arrested-2007

Offenses	Adults	Juveniles	Total
Murder	27	2	29
Negligent Homicide	5	0	5
Forcible Rape	67	11	78
Robbery	189	121	310
Aggravated Assault	487	85	572
Burglary	202	87	289
Larceny-Theft	1,745	971	2,716
Motor Vehicle Theft	376	78	454
TOTAL - PART I	3,098	1,355	4,453
Other Assaults	2,809	850	3,659
Arson	9	8	17
Forgery	181	10	191
Fraud	316	17	333
Embezzlement	29	2	31
Stolen Property	110	21	131
Vandalism	326	472	798
Weapons	136	24	160
Prostitution	477	9	486
Sex Offenses	190	48	238
Drug Laws	1,295	242	1,537
Gambling	9	0	9
Family Offenses	20	0	20
Driving Under Influence	3,872	32	3,904
Liquor Laws	467	116	583
Disorderly Conduct	426	52	478
All Other Offenses	18,972	2,028	21,000
Curfew		199	199
Runaway		3,521	3,521
TOTAL - PART II	29,644	7,651	37,295
GRAND TOTAL	32,742	9,006	41,748

Source: FBI Uniform Crime Reports



Actual Offense and Value of Property-2007

Offenses	Number	Value(\$)
Murder	19	14,475
Forcible Rape	226	1,894
Robbery:		
Highway	441	410,709
Commercial Establishment	125	447,403
Service Station	12	8,775
Convenience Store	87	171,716
Residence	81	178,807
Bank	14	15,998
Miscellaneous	183	87,248
TOTAL	943	1,320,656
Burglary:		
Residence: Night	682	1,726,414
Residence: Day	1,753	6,905,158
Residence: Unknown	1,971	6,081,721
Non-Residence: Night	288	520,809
Non-Residence: Day	182	463,617
Non-Residence: Unknown	901	1,688,522
TOTAL	5,777	17,386,241
Larceny - Theft by Value:		
Over \$200	12,999	22,398,164
\$50 to \$200	5,550	589,090
Under \$50	7,934	94,197
TOTAL	26,483	23,081,451
Larceny-Theft by Type:		
Pocket-Picking	179	65,829
Purse-Snatching	144	82,635
Shoplifting	3,496	788,916
From Motor Vehicles	10,605	9,565,957
Motor Vehicle Accessories	2,134	921,712
Bicycles	474	150,918
From Buildings	4,027	4,750,783
From Coin Operated Machines	113	53,247
All Other	5,311	6,701,454
TOTAL	26,483	23,081,451
Motor Vehicle:		
Stolen	4,937	28,613,810
Recovered	3,124	

Source: FBI Uniform Crime Reports



Property Stolen and Recovered-2007

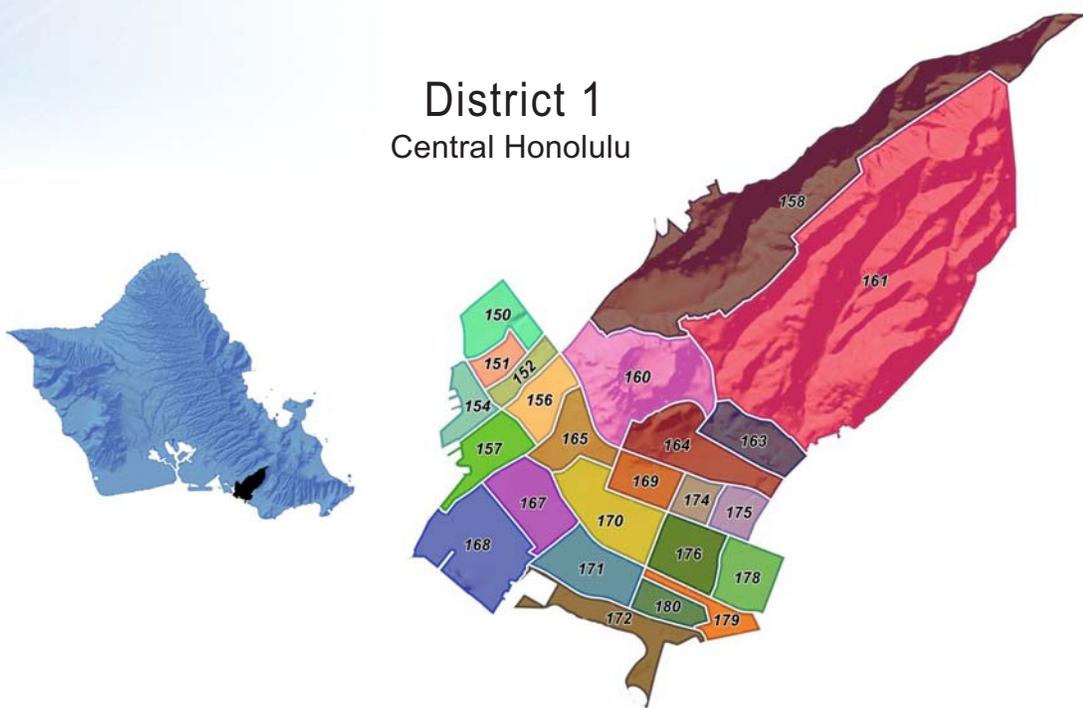
Type of Property	Stolen (\$)	Recovered (\$)
Currency, Notes, Etc.	5,442,055	60,488
Jewelry and Precious Metals	11,093,458	273,844
Clothing and Furs	3,501,382	176,305
Locally Stolen Motor Vehicles	29,371,557	18,987,780
Office Equipment	4,598,561	143,188
Televisions, Radios, Stereos, Etc.	4,674,870	110,777
Firearms	69,852	10,538
Household Goods	213,581	11,430
Consumable Goods	212,725	38,059
Livestock	13,150	7,000
Miscellaneous	11,227,336	1,454,020
TOTAL	70,418,527	21,273,429

Source: FBI Uniform Crime Reports



Reported Offenses by Beat-2007-District 1

District 1 Central Honolulu

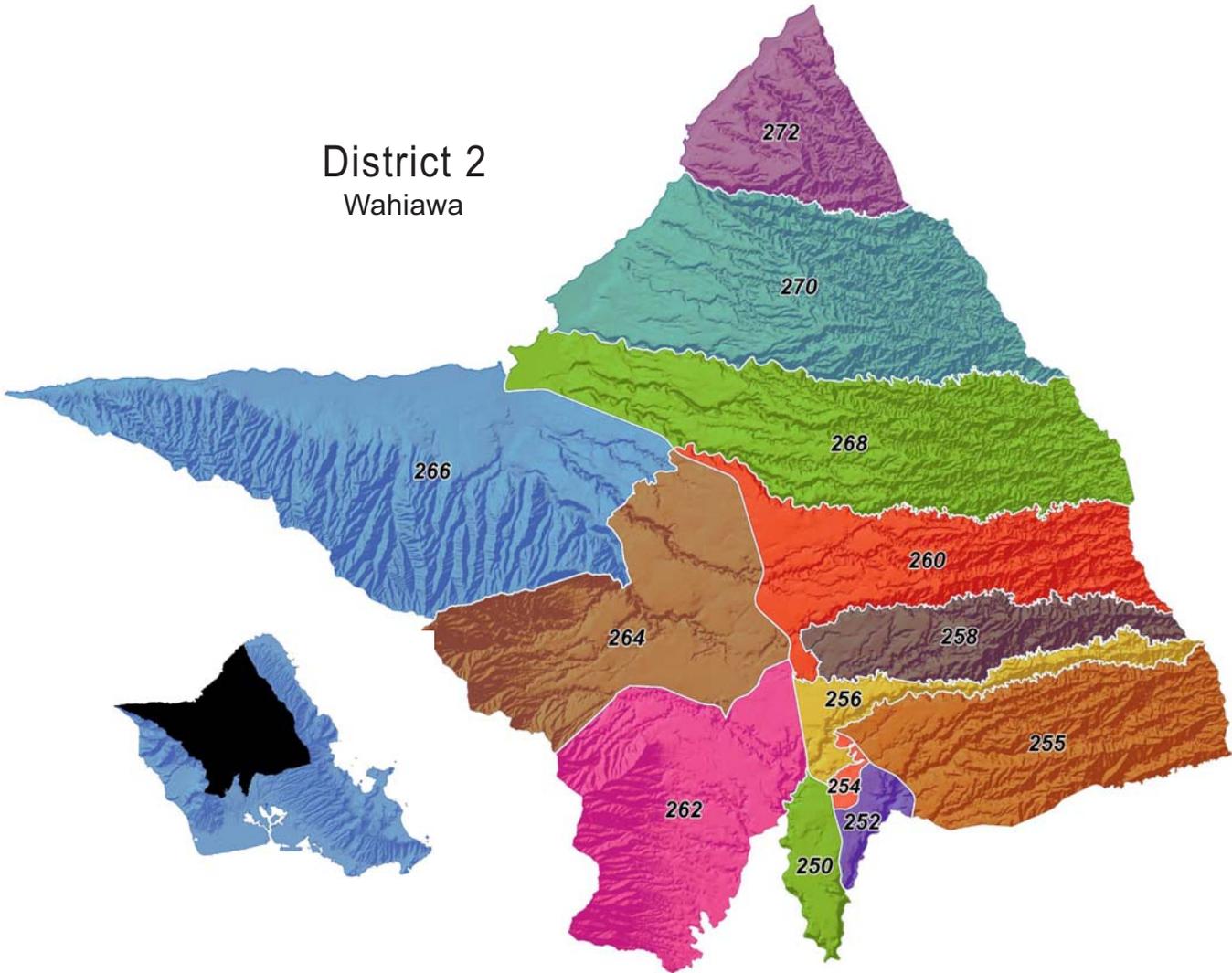


BEAT	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL
150	0	0	15	16	8	72	18	129
151	0	1	14	21	15	141	22	214
152	0	2	11	7	26	260	23	329
154	0	0	13	18	29	291	18	369
156	0	0	0	4	9	93	7	113
157	0	0	4	2	8	118	12	144
158	0	0	2	3	23	52	33	113
160	0	0	2	4	31	123	66	226
161	0	2	3	1	15	84	21	126
163	0	0	3	3	31	129	75	241
164	0	1	8	14	57	199	93	372
165	0	1	0	4	24	116	24	169
167	0	1	3	7	22	140	28	201
168	0	1	2	23	5	198	23	252
169	0	1	9	9	25	152	28	224
170	0	4	5	10	16	201	21	257
171	0	1	13	28	24	556	56	678
172	0	0	2	8	2	110	11	133
174	0	0	9	6	31	117	19	182
175	0	0	4	0	14	95	21	134
176	0	5	19	22	39	447	59	591
178	1	0	13	15	33	304	46	412
179	0	2	9	16	27	163	18	235
180	0	0	9	7	5	1,033	56	1,110
TOTAL	1	22	172	248	519	5,194	798	6,954



Reported Offenses by Beat-2007-District 2

District 2 Wahiawa

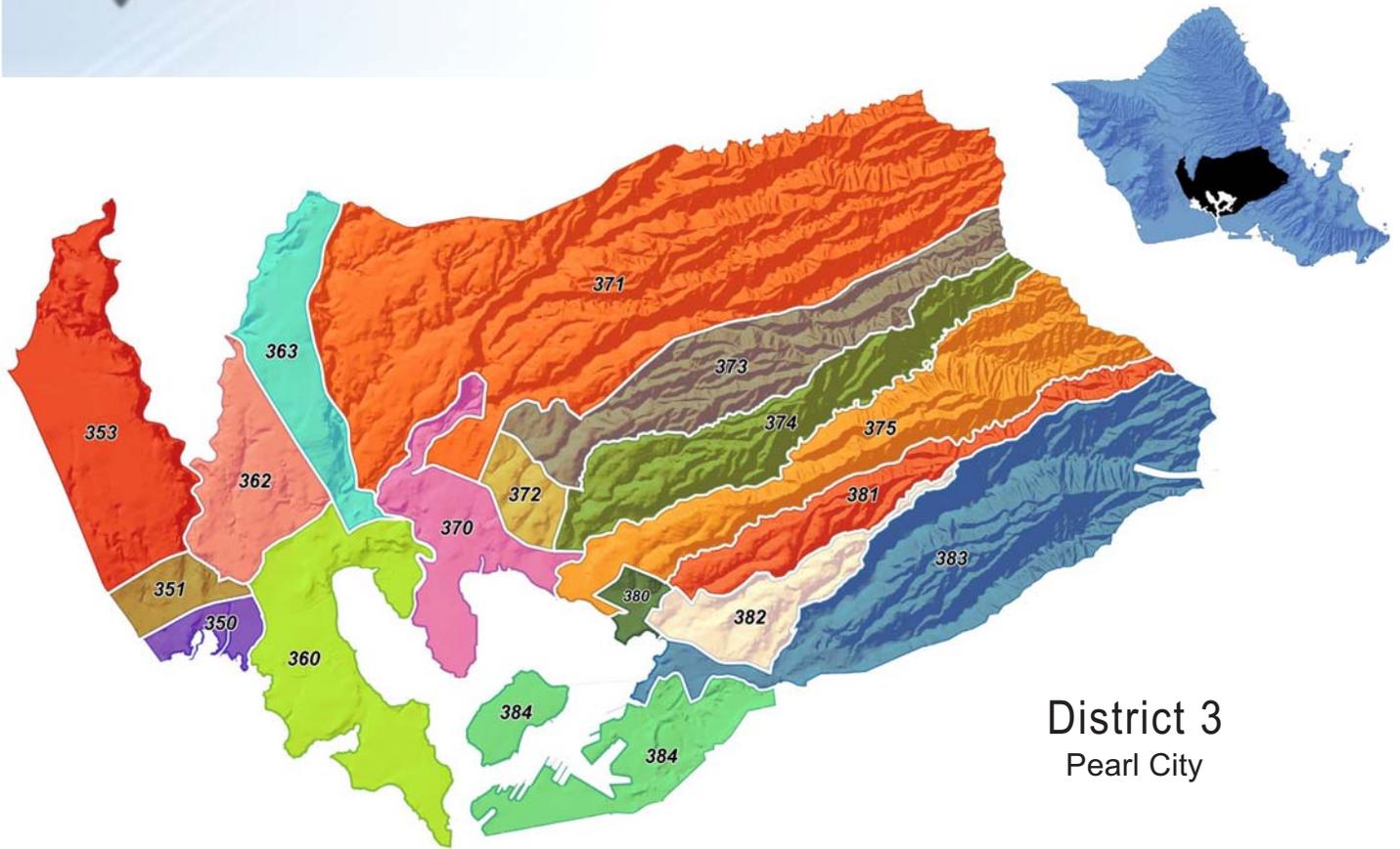


BEAT	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL
250	0	2	1	9	102	118	35	267
252	0	0	9	11	71	166	40	297
254	0	1	6	7	43	148	21	226
255	0	0	1	5	39	54	21	120
256	0	2	2	6	23	89	29	151
258	0	2	3	11	80	106	18	220
260	0	6	13	17	29	174	26	265
262	0	2	4	12	26	46	11	101
264	0	3	4	4	16	65	30	122
266	0	1	5	17	49	135	36	243
268	0	1	2	11	14	134	18	180
270	0	0	0	1	16	230	15	262
272	2	3	3	10	50	263	40	371
TOTAL	2	23	53	121	558	1,728	340	2,825

Source: Records Management System



Reported Offenses by Beat-2007-District 3



District 3
Pearl City

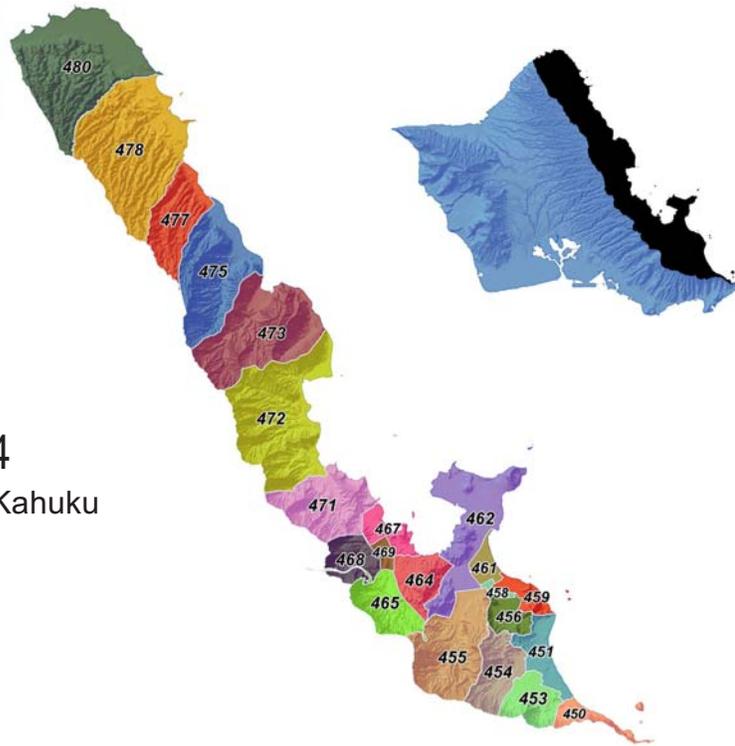
BEAT	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL
350	0	1	6	12	12	61	21	113
351	0	1	23	26	54	308	99	511
353	0	3	6	3	67	197	93	369
360	0	3	26	12	74	245	58	418
362	0	0	9	11	104	521	99	744
363	0	2	1	9	97	319	114	542
370	0	6	20	14	45	537	81	703
371	0	1	7	4	67	76	21	176
372	0	0	4	7	38	84	62	195
373	0	1	1	2	44	63	25	136
374	0	0	0	3	61	102	21	187
375	0	0	19	16	38	282	97	452
380	0	1	22	8	28	717	112	888
381	0	2	0	3	44	70	16	135
382	1	1	7	11	65	175	59	319
383	0	0	5	3	4	149	18	179
384	0	4	7	9	53	222	67	362
TOTAL	1	26	163	153	895	4,128	1,063	6,429

Source: Records Management System



Reported Offenses by Beat-2007-District 4

District 4 Kailua-Kaneohe-Kahuku

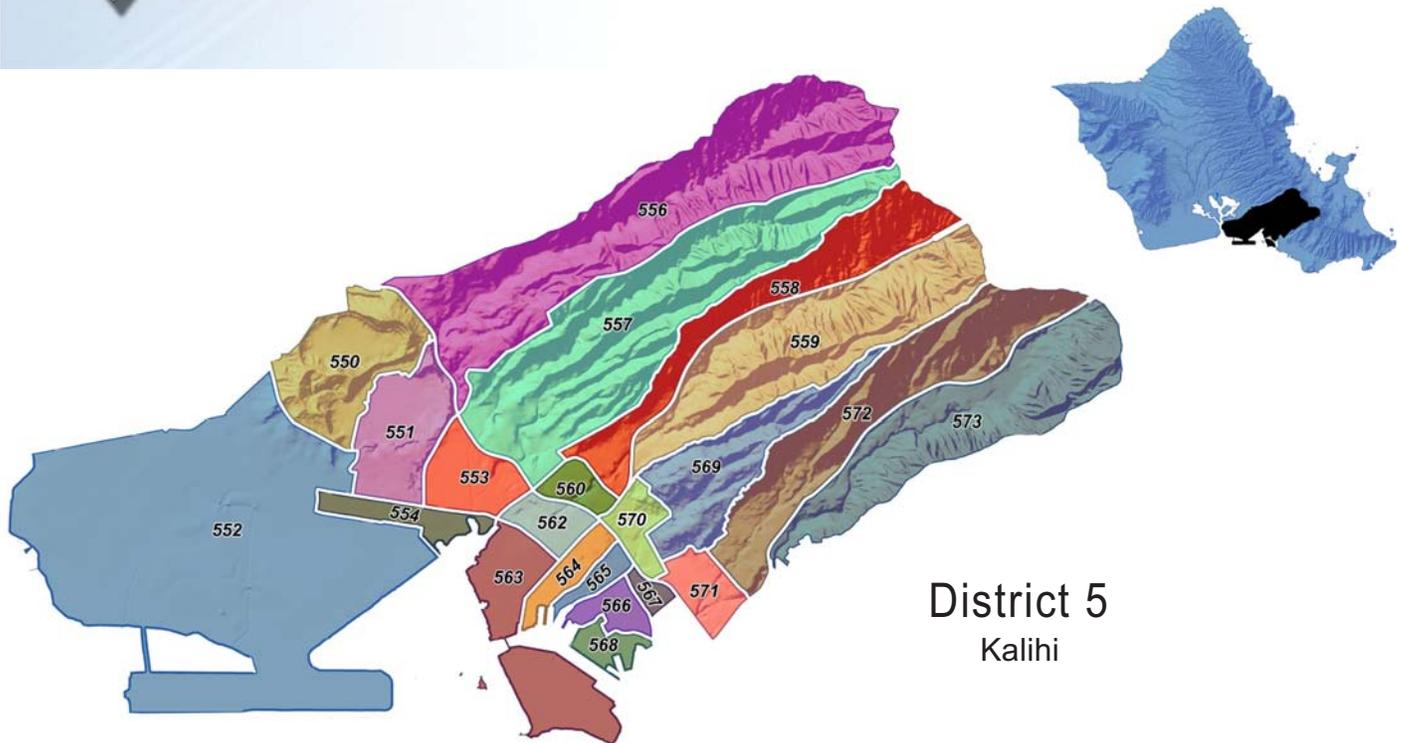


BEAT	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL
450	0	1	2	12	9	159	14	197
451	0	1	1	2	15	96	12	127
453	0	0	2	4	13	52	8	79
454	0	2	0	2	11	27	10	52
455	0	1	1	9	31	129	18	189
456	0	1	0	6	50	155	27	239
458	0	3	12	15	32	199	45	306
459	0	3	8	3	48	362	23	447
461	0	0	3	10	69	212	18	312
462	0	3	5	5	42	159	36	250
464	1	4	9	11	60	214	38	337
465	0	0	6	4	26	97	19	152
467	0	4	4	6	57	201	39	311
468	0	2	0	3	21	50	24	100
469	0	0	6	4	25	241	71	347
471	0	1	2	10	57	153	45	268
472	0	1	1	3	17	85	6	113
473	1	0	1	1	9	46	5	63
475	0	1	1	9	37	28	5	81
477	0	1	1	4	22	47	6	81
478	0	0	1	2	39	151	12	205
480	0	2	4	3	27	88	6	130
TOTAL	2	31	70	128	717	2,951	487	4,386

Source: Records Management System



Reported Offenses by Beat-2007-District 5



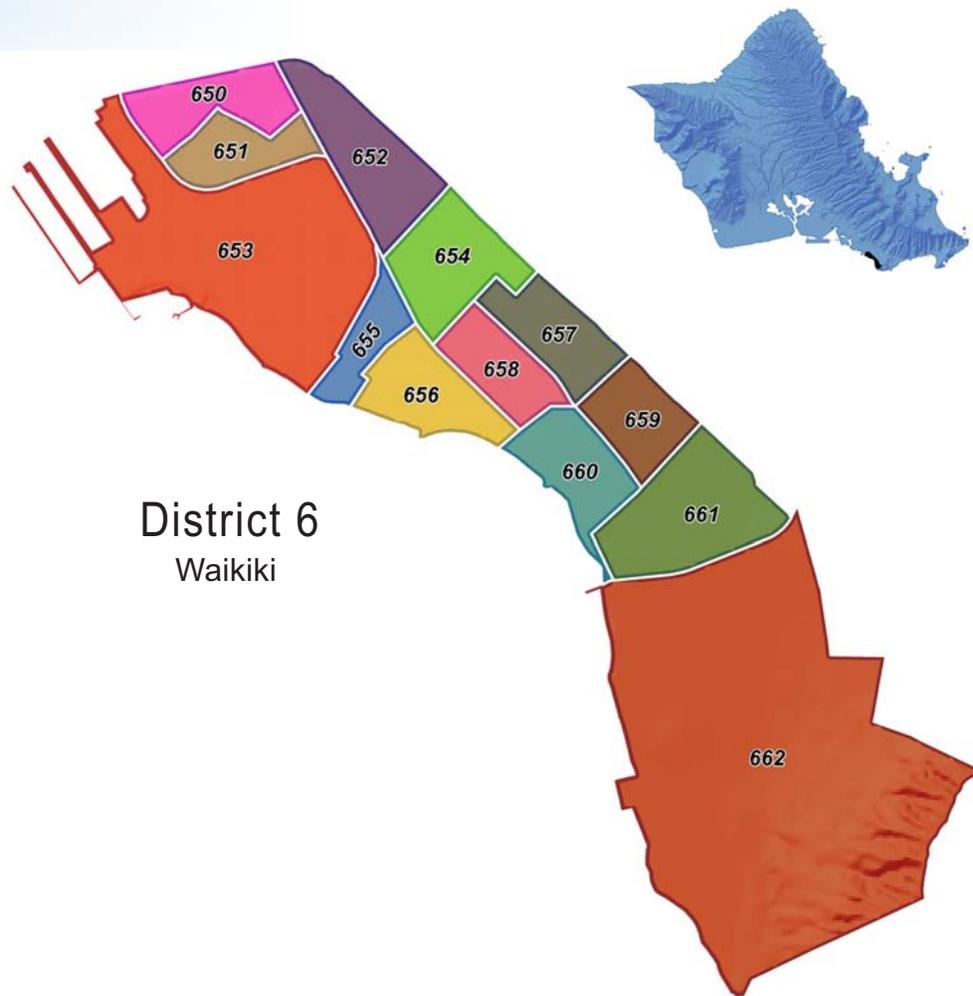
District 5
Kalihi

BEAT	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL
550	0	6	4	12	39	150	40	251
551	0	3	6	12	61	253	119	454
552	0	3	3	15	37	290	71	419
553	0	0	2	2	11	98	21	134
554	0	0	4	4	18	118	39	183
556	0	3	0	10	15	74	31	133
557	0	1	1	7	24	70	14	117
558	1	2	17	13	23	80	16	152
559	0	3	4	8	43	83	24	165
560	1	3	9	32	24	86	12	167
562	1	1	11	21	35	227	49	345
563	0	0	6	27	27	183	58	301
564	1	6	17	17	27	244	50	362
565	0	0	4	11	17	120	26	178
566	0	3	16	17	20	272	41	369
567	0	0	23	20	13	54	22	132
568	1	0	0	3	8	148	5	165
569	0	0	0	4	43	91	16	154
570	0	0	13	18	29	169	28	257
571	0	0	10	7	99	237	43	396
572	0	0	2	1	28	111	29	171
573	0	0	2	1	35	180	13	231
TOTAL	5	34	154	262	676	3,338	767	5,236

Source: Records Management System



Reported Offenses by Beat-2007-District 6

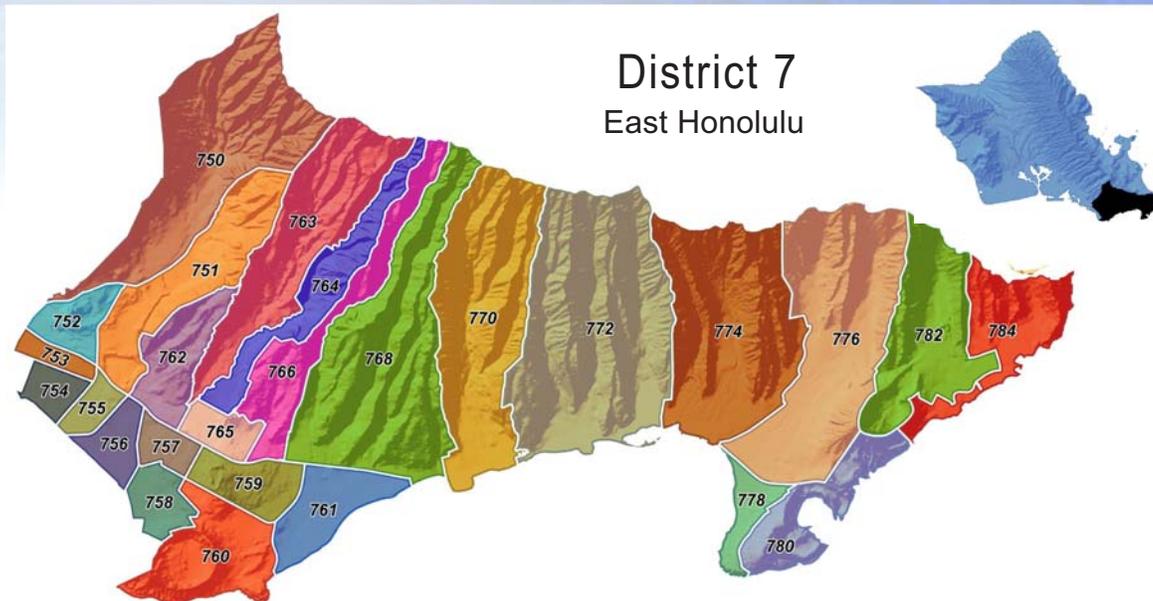


BEAT	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL
650	0	1	8	3	16	104	28	160
651	0	1	6	7	25	122	13	174
652	0	6	5	5	43	117	27	203
653	1	2	7	5	41	204	31	291
654	0	5	14	20	25	179	20	263
655	0	0	3	7	21	51	5	87
656	0	2	7	4	32	288	5	338
657	0	3	21	28	39	293	37	421
658	0	3	30	26	33	402	15	509
659	0	0	5	8	36	83	24	156
660	0	2	9	10	43	594	12	670
661	0	2	11	4	62	264	28	371
662	0	1	9	10	30	336	31	417
TOTAL	1	28	135	137	446	3,037	276	4,060

Source: Records Management System



Reported Offenses by Beat-2007-District 7

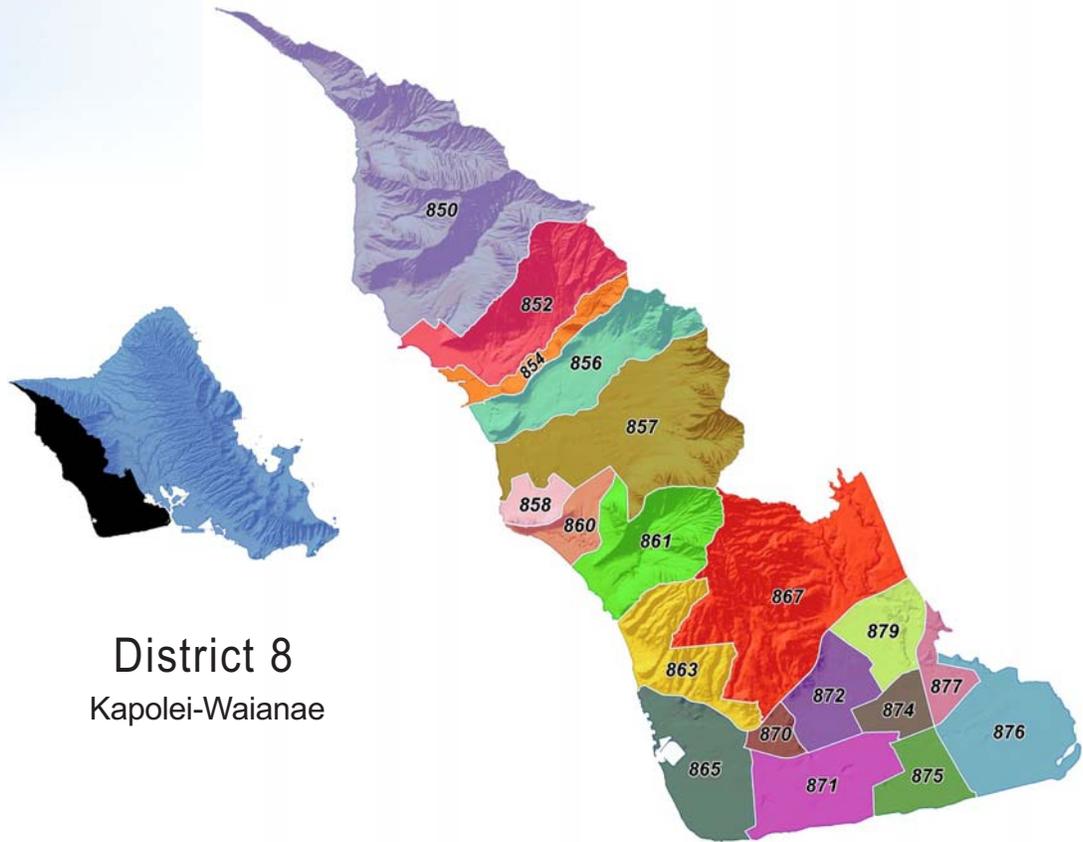


BEAT	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL
750	0	1	2	1	44	87	17	152
751	0	1	0	6	61	167	59	294
752	0	0	2	6	50	186	52	296
753	0	3	9	9	28	211	38	298
754	0	4	11	18	64	206	99	402
755	1	0	6	13	51	153	69	293
756	0	2	11	7	32	142	36	230
757	0	1	3	5	32	81	15	137
758	0	2	4	5	37	91	29	168
759	0	0	7	3	35	181	29	255
760	0	0	1	1	28	308	24	362
761	0	0	1	1	24	140	19	185
762	0	0	3	2	37	137	43	222
763	0	1	2	6	37	75	19	140
764	0	0	1	2	28	53	14	98
765	0	0	1	4	32	160	19	216
766	0	0	1	3	32	35	11	82
768	0	0	5	3	48	151	23	230
770	0	0	1	3	26	64	10	104
772	0	0	0	0	30	86	5	121
774	0	0	2	5	40	158	21	226
776	0	3	0	4	26	184	18	235
778	0	0	0	1	22	95	4	122
780	0	0	0	0	1	112	0	113
782	0	0	1	1	12	58	8	80
784	0	1	2	1	0	266	5	275
TOTAL	1	19	76	110	857	3,587	686	5,336

Source: Records Management System



Reported Offenses by Beat-2007-District 8



BEAT	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL
850	0	2	7	32	86	304	35	466
852	1	6	8	29	66	138	17	265
854	0	2	10	26	71	152	33	294
856	1	0	5	25	55	118	22	226
857	1	0	7	19	37	118	22	204
858	0	2	1	6	49	82	24	164
860	0	3	12	22	44	133	31	245
861	1	3	6	26	36	124	26	222
863	0	0	3	6	0	106	13	128
865	0	4	3	6	32	109	34	188
867	0	1	1	6	101	179	93	381
870	0	2	18	6	14	366	34	440
871	0	1	3	7	29	72	24	136
872	0	5	8	12	90	168	53	336
874	1	2	6	12	77	188	59	345
875	1	2	4	9	204	182	36	438
876	1	8	18	18	125	167	29	366
877	0	2	1	8	72	105	43	231
879	0	0	0	5	8	21	7	41
TOTAL	7	45	121	280	1,196	2,832	635	5,116

Source: Records Management System



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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15th Anniversary Celebration



House Roll Call
Security, Page 16
Senate, Page 14
Bill Is Sent
To Pres

